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Search for new particles decaying to ZZ using final states with leptons and jets with the ATLAS detector in $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV proton–proton collisions [☆]

ATLAS Collaboration ^{*}

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ABSTRACT

A search is presented for a narrow resonance decaying to a pair of Z bosons using data corresponding to 1.02 fb^{-1} of integrated luminosity collected by the ATLAS experiment from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. Events containing either four charged leptons ($llll$) or two charged leptons and two jets ($lljj$) are analyzed and found to be consistent with the Standard Model background expectation. Lower limits on a resonance mass are set using the Randall–Sundrum (RS1) graviton model as a benchmark. Using both $llll$ and $lljj$ events, an RS1 graviton with $k/\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$ and mass between 325 and 845 GeV is excluded at 95% confidence level. In addition, the $llll$ events are used to set a model-independent fiducial cross section limit of $\sigma_{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow X \rightarrow ZZ) < 0.92 \text{ pb}$ at 95% confidence level for any new sources of ZZ production with m_{ZZ} greater than 300 GeV.

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1. Introduction

The Standard Model (SM) of particle physics allows for resonant production of Z boson pairs (ZZ) solely through the production and decay of the Higgs boson. However, some extensions to the SM predict additional mechanisms for resonant ZZ production. For example, models of warped extra dimensions [1,2] predict two such resonances: excited states of the spin-2 graviton (G^*) and the spin-0 radion (R). Searches for such gravitons by the ATLAS Collaboration have excluded at 95% confidence level masses smaller than 1.63 TeV in dilepton final states [3] and smaller than 1.9 TeV in diphoton final states [4]; CMS has excluded masses below 1.84 TeV in diphoton final states [5]. Recent versions of these models [6] in which all SM fields propagate in these new dimensions predict enhanced coupling of the graviton to the ZZ final state and suppressed decay rates to light fermion and diphoton states. Observation of graviton production and decay to a pair of Z bosons would be striking evidence for physics beyond the Standard Model.

This Letter describes the search for a new particle decaying to the ZZ final state using the RS1 excited graviton (G^*) as a benchmark model [1]. This search uses 1.02 fb^{-1} of integrated luminosity collected between February and June 2011 by the ATLAS detector in $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV pp collisions at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC). Two final states of the ZZ decay are studied. The first, referred to as $lljj$, where $\ell = e$ or μ , includes events in which one Z boson decays into electrons or muons, and the other Z boson decays into two jets. This channel is also sensitive to dijet decays

of the W boson in association with a Z boson decaying to a lepton pair. For the second, referred to as $llll$, both Z bosons decay into electrons or muons. The final state with two pairs of oppositely charged same-flavor leptons, each pair with invariant mass near the Z boson mass, is used to search for anomalous ZZ production.

Below a graviton mass (m_{G^*}) of 500 GeV, the $llll$ channel dominates the combined $llll + lljj$ sensitivity due to the extremely low background rate. Above 500 GeV, the background in $lljj$ yield decreases rapidly with m_{G^*} , and this final state gains importance due to the larger branching fraction. Since no evidence for $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ production is found in this analysis, 95% confidence level (CL) limits are presented using the RS1 graviton as a benchmark. Additionally, the simplicity of the $llll$ final state allows for the calculation of fiducial cross section limits which provide a model-independent bound on anomalous ZZ production.

The RS1 graviton has been used as a benchmark in earlier searches for a resonant structure in ZZ final states. The CDF Collaboration used $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV with 2.9 fb^{-1} of integrated luminosity to exclude such a state with a mass less than 491 GeV [7] at 95% CL assuming $k/\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$, where k is the curvature scale of the warped extra dimension and $\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} \equiv m_{\text{pl}}/\sqrt{8\pi}$ is the reduced Planck mass. A more recent analysis by CDF using 6 fb^{-1} reports an excess of $llll$ events at high Z boson-pair invariant mass, clustered around 327 GeV [8], although this is not seen in $lljj$ or $ll\nu\nu$ channels.

2. Detector

The ATLAS detector [9] is a multi-purpose detector with precision tracking, calorimetry and muon spectrometry. The detector

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^{*} E-mail address: atlas.publications@cern.ch.

covers almost the entire 4π solid angle surrounding the collision point at the center of a set of subdetectors. Starting at the collision point and moving outwards, the first subdetector reached is the silicon pixel detector followed by the silicon microstrip detector and the transition radiation tracker. These three systems comprise the inner detector (ID) and reconstruct charged particle tracks out to $|\eta| < 2.5$.¹ Particle momentum is measured by the curvature of the tracks as they are deflected in a peak 2T magnetic field provided by a solenoid surrounding the ID. The next subsystems reached are the electromagnetic (EM) and hadronic calorimeters. The EM calorimeter is a highly granular liquid argon (LAr) sampling calorimeter with lead absorber plates designed for electron and photon energy measurements. An iron scintillator tile calorimeter provides hadronic energy measurements in the barrel region ($|\eta| < 1.7$) while liquid argon with copper absorber plates is used in the endcap and forward regions. Together these detectors allow electromagnetic and hadronic energy measurements out to $|\eta| < 4.9$. Behind the calorimeters is the muon spectrometer (MS), which consists of gas-filled chambers and an air-core toroidal magnetic system. This detector measures both the muon momentum and charge out to $|\eta| < 2.7$.

To trigger readout [10], full event reconstruction and event storage by the data acquisition system, electron candidates must have transverse energy greater than 20 GeV. They must satisfy shower-shape requirements and correspond to an ID track. Muon candidates must have transverse momentum greater than 18 GeV and a consistent trajectory reconstructed in the ID and muon spectrometer. The full trigger chain uses signals from all muon detectors. These triggers reach their efficiency plateau at lepton p_T thresholds of 20 GeV for muons and 25 GeV for electrons.

3. Object reconstruction

Electrons are reconstructed from energy deposits in the EM calorimeter matched to tracks in the inner detector, and are required to satisfy the ‘medium’ identification requirements described in Ref. [11]. Electrons are required to have $E_T > 20(15)$ GeV in the $\ell\ell jj(\ell\ell\ell)$ channel and $|\eta| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$. For tracks with at least four hits in the pixel and silicon strip detectors, the angles η and ϕ are defined by the track, otherwise these quantities are computed from the calorimeter cluster position. Finally, all electrons must be isolated from other charged tracks to suppress jets, i.e. the scalar sum of track p_T for tracks with $p_T > 1$ GeV surrounding the electron track in a cone of radius $\Delta R = 0.2$, where ΔR is a distance measure in the η - ϕ plane defined as $\sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$, must be less than 15% (10%) of the transverse energy of the electron in the $e\ell\ell(e\ell jj)$ channel.

Muons are reconstructed from hits in the muon spectrometer [12]. The track formed from these hits must match a track found in the ID. The ID track must have a hit in the innermost layer of the pixel detector to reduce backgrounds from heavy-flavor hadron decays. The muon track is constructed using information from the ID and MS tracks, and the muon p_T , η , and ϕ are defined from the properties of this combined track. Muons are required to have $p_T > 20(15)$ GeV in the $\ell\ell jj(\ell\ell\ell)$ channel. The lower lep-

ton p_T threshold is used for $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ to maintain acceptance at low Z boson pair mass; in $\ell\ell jj$ the background in this low- p_T region is very large. Finally, the muon must be isolated from nearby track activity such that the p_T sum of all tracks surrounding the muon track in a cone of radius $\Delta R = 0.2$ is less than 10% (15%) of the muon track p_T in the $\ell\ell jj(\ell\ell\ell)$ channel.

For the $\ell\ell jj$ channel, jets are reconstructed from a collection of three-dimensional topological energy clusters using the anti- k_t sequential recombination clustering algorithm [13] implemented in the FastJet [14] package with a radius parameter equal to 0.4. A jet energy scale (JES) correction is applied to account for the energy response and non-uniformity of the EM and hadronic calorimeters [15]. Jets are required to have $p_T > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.8$. If an electron and jet overlap within $\Delta R < 0.3$, the jet candidate is removed from the event. The missing transverse momentum, E_T^{miss} , is the modulus of the vector sum of transverse energies of topological calorimeter clusters with $|\eta| < 4.5$, corrected for any high quality muons in the event. The $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ channel does not consider jets or missing transverse momentum. The $\ell\ell jj$ channel considers E_T^{miss} only for background studies.

All events must have at least one reconstructed vertex with at least three associated tracks with $p_T > 500$ MeV. The vertex with the largest sum of track p_T^2 is defined as the primary interaction vertex.

To ensure that they originate from the primary vertex, lepton candidates in the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ and $\mu\mu jj$ channels are required to have a longitudinal impact parameter (distance of closest approach) with respect to the primary vertex of less than 10 mm and a transverse impact parameter significance (transverse impact parameter divided by its error) of less than 10. These requirements reduce contamination from both cosmic rays and leptons produced from hadron decays. In the $e\ell jj$ channel this was found to give no improvement in sensitivity.

Scale factors are applied to the simulation to correct for differences in lepton reconstruction and identification efficiencies between simulation and data. These scale factors have values that differ from unity by 0.1%–2% for muons [16] and 1%–13% for electrons depending on the p_T (for muons) or E_T (for electrons); the larger corrections seen for electrons affect only the low- E_T region, and are due to mis-modeling of lateral shower shapes in simulation [17]. Systematic uncertainties on these scale factors are derived from efficiency measurements in the data. A small smearing is added to the muon p_T in the simulation [18] so that the $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ invariant mass distribution in data is correctly reproduced by the simulation; similarly, small corrections are applied to the calorimeter energy scale and resolution for electrons.

This analysis uses data collected by single and dilepton triggers during the 2011 LHC run at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with 50 ns bunch spacing. The efficiency of these triggers to select signal-like events is $99 \pm 1\%$. Additionally, only events recorded while all relevant subdetectors were operating properly are used. The total integrated luminosity for all results in this Letter is $1.02 \pm 0.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ [19,20].

4. Simulation

The signal and all backgrounds other than multi-jet production are modeled using simulated samples created by process-specific Monte Carlo (MC) event generators. Unless otherwise specified the events in these samples are normalized to the product of the production cross section, the final state branching ratio, and the recorded integrated luminosity. The detector response is simulated with GEANT4 [21,22] after which the event is reconstructed. The RS1 G^* signal events are generated primarily via gluon-gluon fusion with PYTHIA 6.421 [23] using MRST LO* [24] parton distribution functions for $m_{G^*} = 325$ and 500–1500 GeV in 250 GeV

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the center of the detector and the z -axis along the beam line. The x -axis points from the IP to the center of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (R, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam line. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ ($z = r \cos \theta$) as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. The transverse energy E_T is defined as $E \sin \theta$, where E is the energy associated to the calorimeter cell or energy cluster. Similarly, p_T is the momentum component transverse to the beam line.

steps. All samples assume the dimensionless coupling parameter $k/\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$. The model described by PYTHIA generates events which are uniform in $\cos\theta^*$, where θ^* is the angle between the Z boson direction and the beam axis in the graviton rest frame, and does not have enhanced rates of longitudinal Z boson polarization.

Expected backgrounds from diboson production in the SM (WW, WZ, ZZ) are modeled using HERWIG and scaled to the next-to-leading order (NLO) production cross sections as computed by MCFM 6.0 with MRST2007 LO* [24]. PHOTOS [25] is employed to simulate final state photon radiation and TAUOLA 2.4 [26] decays all tau leptons. Production of the background processes $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ in association with jets is modeled using the ALPGEN [27] event generator with CTEQ6L1 [28] interfaced with HERWIG [29] for parton showering and JIMMY [30] to model the underlying event. The SHERPA [31] event generator is used to cross check the W and Z boson + jets events simulated by ALPGEN; the MCFM 6.0 [32] generator is also used to check the Z boson + jets background estimate. Both $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ samples are scaled to their respective cross sections at next-to-next-to-leading-order (NNLO) in the strong coupling constant, α_S , as computed with FEWZ 2.0 [33, 34]. The top pair ($t\bar{t}$) and single top-quark (tb, tqb, tW) backgrounds are modeled with the MC@NLO 3.41 [35] generator interfaced with HERWIG and JIMMY. A sample of $t\bar{t}$ events generated with POWHEG [36] is used to cross check the MC@NLO model. Both $t\bar{t}$ and single top-quark samples are generated assuming a top-quark mass of 172.5 GeV. The SM cross section for $t\bar{t}$ production is known to approximate-NNLO accuracy as computed in Refs. [37–39]. Single top-quark production cross sections are calculated to next-to-next-to-leading-logarithm order in α_S for the tb process [40], and approximate NNLO order for the tqb and tW processes [41].

In order to describe properly the effects of multiple proton-proton interactions per bunch crossing, the Monte Carlo samples contain multiple interactions per beam-crossing, weighted to match the data. Additional interactions may produce low-energy deposits in the calorimeter, which leads to a systematic uncertainty in the reconstructed jet energy. Lepton identification and reconstruction efficiency is largely unaffected by multiple interactions, due to the use of track-based isolation. Many of the background models used are data-driven and so naturally account for multiple interactions.

5. $\ell\ell jj$ event selection

Events in the $\ell\ell jj$ channel must have exactly two isolated electrons or exactly two isolated muons, each with $p_T > 20$ GeV accompanied by two or more jets, each with $p_T > 25$ GeV. The lepton pair mass ($m_{\ell\ell}$) must be consistent with that of a Z boson ($m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116]$ GeV); the size of this mass window reflects the non-negligible natural width of the Z boson as well as the lepton momentum resolution. A requirement that the leptons have opposite charge is applied only to dimuon events, where the charge mis-measurement rate is negligible.

Two signal regions are chosen to maximize the sensitivity to a low-mass ($m_{G^*} < 500$ GeV) and high-mass ($m_{G^*} \geq 500$ GeV) signal. In the low-mass region, the p_T of the lepton pair system is required to be greater than 50 GeV, and similarly the system formed by the two highest p_T jets is required to have p_T greater than 50 GeV. In the high-mass region, both p_T thresholds are raised to 200 GeV. In both regions, a signal will manifest itself as a peak in the $\ell\ell jj$ invariant mass. The signal definition requires that the two jets result from the decay of a Z boson and therefore have an invariant mass near the Z boson pole mass. The dijet mass, m_{jj} , is thus required to be between 65 GeV and 115 GeV for both low-

and high-mass signals. This m_{jj} range was chosen to optimize sensitivity.

5.1. Backgrounds

The primary background with this event selection is production of a Z/γ^* boson with associated jets. Secondary backgrounds are $t\bar{t}$ and diboson production (WZ, ZZ).

Sidebands surrounding the dijet mass window (below 65 GeV and above 115 GeV) are used to normalize the Z boson + jets background separately for the low- and high-mass signal regions. The normalization factor, defined as the ratio of data to Z boson + jets ALPGEN MC prediction, is 93% (75%) in the low(high)-mass signal region. These factors agree within 20% with those obtained from Z boson + jets events simulated with SHERPA and scaled to the data in the sidebands.

The uncertainty of the background prediction in the high-mass selection sample is dominated by Z boson + jets background modeling; the main contribution comes from the uncertainty assigned as a relative deviation of the Z boson + jets normalization factor from unity due to limited m_{jj} sideband statistics. This assigned uncertainty, which leads to an uncertainty of 40% on the Z boson + jets background normalization, is combined with an additional uncertainty obtained as the difference between the ALPGEN and SHERPA predictions in the signal region after sideband normalization, leading to a total uncertainty of 43%. The Z boson + jets background uncertainty in the low-mass selection sample, which amounts to 6%, is obtained solely from the scale factor differences between the two m_{jj} sidebands. The Z boson + jets normalization factors are checked by repeating this study with NLO $\ell\ell jj$ invariant mass distributions in simulated Z boson + jets events generated with MCFM6.0 and scaled to the data in the sidebands. The JES uncertainty varies between 12–14% for the background estimate and the signal acceptance [15].

The observed event yield in a $t\bar{t}$ -dominated region, low-mass sidebands with the additional requirement of $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 80$ GeV, is found to agree with the Monte Carlo prediction. The top-quark pair background uncertainty is determined to be 25% from a comparison of event yields between MC@NLO and POWHEG together with an evaluation of the sensitivity of the background prediction to the amount of initial state and final state radiation. The uncertainty associated with the theoretical production cross section is estimated to be 10% [42]. The uncertainty due to lepton energy and p_T resolution and reconstruction efficiency contribute less than 3% to the total uncertainty. The trigger selection efficiency and integrated luminosity contribute 1% and 3.7% [19,20] relative uncertainties, respectively.

Production of a W boson with associated jets and single top-quark production are found to give rise to negligible backgrounds. A sample of data events with two low-quality electron candidates (which fail at least one of the requirements above) or two non-isolated muon candidates is used to model the shape of the multijet background. The normalization of this background is determined by a fit to the dilepton mass spectrum using the multijet-like sample as one template and the sum of all other Monte Carlo-based backgrounds as the other template. The multijet background within the dilepton mass range ($m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116]$ GeV) is determined to be less than 1% (0.1%) for $eejj$ ($\mu\mu jj$) events.

Table 1 shows the number of events passing the full selection in the data and expected for each background, and for the RS1 graviton with $m_{G^*} = 350$ and 750 GeV. No additional scale factors are applied to diboson background events. Fig. 1 shows the predicted and observed $m_{\ell\ell jj}$ distributions for both low- and high-mass signal selections.

Table 1

Expected numbers of $\ell\ell jj$ events in 1.02 fb^{-1} for each background for the low- and high-mass signal selection regions. The predicted signal yields for 350 and 750 GeV graviton signals ($k/\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$) and the observed number of events are also shown. Uncertainties are systematic and statistical.

Process	Low-mass selection	High-mass selection
Z + jets	3530 ± 190	60 ± 27
Top	81 ± 25	0.4 ± 0.3
Diboson	92 ± 14	4 ± 1
W + jets	9 ± 5	1 ± 1
Multijet	14 ± 14	0.2 ± 0.2
Background sum	3720 ± 200	66 ± 27
Graviton signal		
$m_{G^*} = 350 \text{ GeV}$	680 ± 120	
$m_{G^*} = 750 \text{ GeV}$		21 ± 4
Data	3515	85

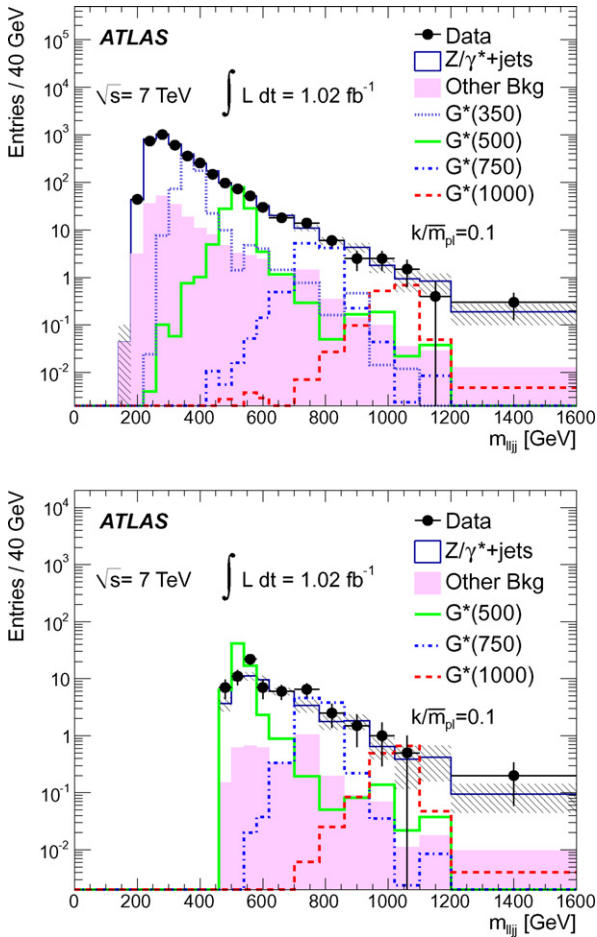


Fig. 1. Distribution of $\ell\ell jj$ invariant mass for events satisfying the low-mass signal selection (upper) and high-mass signal selection (lower). These distributions contain both $eejj$ and $\mu\mu jj$ events. The hatched area shows the uncertainty on the background prediction.

6. $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ event selection

Events in the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ final state are characterized by at least four high- p_T , isolated electrons or muons. Events are required to have passed either a single-muon or single electron trigger which have thresholds of $p_T > 18 \text{ GeV}$ and $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, respectively. To minimize the systematic uncertainty on the trigger efficiency, at least one of the selected muons (electrons) is required to have $p_T > 20$ ($E_T > 25$) GeV, above which the trigger efficiency dependence on

p_T (E_T) is small. The trigger efficiency for selected events is consistent with 100% with an uncertainty of 0.04%.

Same-flavor, oppositely-charged lepton pairs are combined to form Z boson candidates. When more than one such pairing exists, the set with the smallest value of the sum of the two $|m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z|$ values is chosen. Both Z boson candidates are required to have a dilepton invariant mass $m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116] \text{ GeV}$; events with two electrons and two muons are categorized as $e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$ ($\mu^+\mu^-e^+e^-$) if $m_{e^+e^-}$ ($m_{\mu^+\mu^-}$) is closer to m_Z than $m_{\mu^+\mu^-}$ ($m_{e^+e^-}$). The invariant mass of the ZZ diboson system must be greater than 300 GeV. No requirement is made of the p_T of the individual Z bosons, nor on the p_T of the ZZ system.

The dominant systematic uncertainties arise from electron identification and muon reconstruction efficiency which range from 3.1% to 6.6% and 1.0% to 2.0%, respectively, depending on the final state.

6.1. Backgrounds

The primary SM source of events with four charged leptons is $(Z/\gamma^*)(Z/\gamma^*)$ production, which we abbreviate as ZZ. Other sources are Z (or W) boson production in association with additional jets or photons ($W/Z + X$), and top-quark pair production. The jets might be misidentified as electrons or contain electrons, photons or muons from in-flight decays of pions, kaons, or heavy-flavored hadrons; photons might be misidentified as electrons. Only a small minority of these background (“misidentified”) leptons survive the isolation requirement. This background is estimated directly from the data.

To estimate the background contribution to the selected sample from events in which one lepton originates from such misidentified jets, a sample of data events containing three leptons passing all selection criteria plus one ‘lepton-like jet’ is identified; such events are denoted $\ell\ell\ell F$. For muons, the lepton-like jets are muon candidates that fail the isolation requirement. For electrons, the lepton-like jets are clusters in the electromagnetic calorimeter matched to ID tracks that fail either the full electron quality requirements or the isolation requirement or both. The events are otherwise required to pass the full event selection, treating the lepton-like jet as if it were a fully identified lepton. This event sample is dominated by Z boson + jets events. The background is estimated by scaling the $\ell\ell\ell F$ control sample by a measured factor f (η and p_T dependent and treated as uncorrelated in the two variables) which is the ratio of the probability for a jet to satisfy the full lepton criteria to the probability to satisfy the lepton-like jet criteria. The background in which two selected leptons originate from jets is treated similarly, by identifying a data sample with two leptons and two lepton-like jets; such events are denoted $\ell\ell FF$. To avoid double counting in the background estimate, and to account for the expected ZZ contribution in the control region, $N(\text{ZZ})$, the total number of background events $N(\text{BG})$ is calculated as:

$$N(\text{BG}) = N(\ell\ell\ell F) \times f - N(\ell\ell FF) \times f^2 - N(\text{ZZ}). \quad (1)$$

The factor f is measured in a sample of data selected with single-lepton triggers with cuts applied to suppress isolated leptons from W and Z bosons, and corrected for the remaining small contribution of true leptons from W and Z boson decays using simulation. The negative contribution proportional to f^2 is used to correct for double-counting in the term proportional to f . A similar analysis is performed on Monte Carlo simulation of background processes of heavy-flavor and light-flavor multi-jet production; the difference between data and simulation is taken as the systematic uncertainty in each p_T (or η) bin. This results in an average systematic uncertainty of $\sim 30\%$ for each $p_T(\eta)$ bin except for the

Table 2

Expected background contributions (ZZ and misidentified lepton) and observed events inside the ZZ control region in 1.02 fb^{-1} , for events with two opposite-sign same-flavor pairs, each with mass $m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116] \text{ GeV}$, and the four lepton mass $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} < 300 \text{ GeV}$. The first quoted uncertainty is statistical; the second systematic.

Process	$e^+e^-e^+e^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^- + \mu^+\mu^-e^+e^-$
ZZ	$1.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$2.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$3.6 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$
Mis. lep.	$0.01^{+0.02}_{-0.01} \pm 0.02$	$0.3^{+0.9}_{-0.3} \pm 0.2$	$0.0^{+1.0}_{-0.0} \pm 0.8$
Total bkg.	$1.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$2.7^{+0.9}_{-0.3} \pm 0.3$	$3.6^{+1.0}_{-0.1} \pm 0.8$
Data	2	6	1

lowest p_T bin (15–20 GeV), for which there is nearly a 100% systematic uncertainty.

In some cases, the control regions from which the background estimate is extrapolated ($\ell\ell\ell F$ or $\ell\ell FF$) contain zero observed events. In such cases, the 68% CL upper limit on the mean of a Poisson distribution from which zero events are observed is $N < 1.29$. We consider the number of events in these regions to be $N = 0.0^{+1.3}_{-0.0}$, and the estimate of the misidentified lepton background uses the value of the lepton misidentification rate f in the lowest p_T bin (15–20 GeV), which has the largest misidentification rate. This is less likely to happen in electron final states ($e^+e^-e^+e^-$ or $e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$), which have two ways for the electron candidate to fail the full selection but still enter the control region, whereas muons are allowed only to fail the isolation requirement. For example, in final states with a muon this leads to $N(\ell\ell\ell F) \times f = 0.0^{+1.3}_{-0.0} \times 0.8 = 0^{+1.0}_{-0.0}$. When multiple final states are combined, this technique is applied to the combined final state, rather than adding the individual final states in quadrature. The systematic uncertainty in such cases is evaluated using the misidentification rate uncertainty in the lowest p_T bin.

Modeling of the ZZ and non-ZZ SM backgrounds is verified in two data subsamples. To validate the modeling of the ZZ background, events with two opposite-sign same-flavor (OS-SF) pairs, both within a dilepton invariant mass window of $m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116] \text{ GeV}$, are examined. Requiring two OS-SF pairs inside the chosen Z boson mass window results in an almost pure sample of ZZ events. To be orthogonal to the signal region for the graviton search, $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} < 300 \text{ GeV}$ is required. A comparison between the SM ZZ expectation and the observation shows agreement within statistics (see Table 2), indicating satisfactory modeling of the SM ZZ production.

Requiring four leptons and fewer than two OS-SF pairs but applying the same dilepton mass window used for ZZ pairs to the dilepton pair masses rejects nearly all of the SM ZZ production, so that one may test the misidentified lepton background estimate. This region is orthogonal to the $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ signal regions. The expected ZZ contribution is $0.15 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$, while the misidentified lepton background is $0.0^{+1.3}_{-0.0} \pm 0.8$. No events are observed in this region, demonstrating an agreement between data and the modeling of misidentified leptons within the available statistics.

Table 3 shows the expected yield in the $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300 \text{ GeV}$ region. A total of $1.9^{+1.0}_{-0.1} \pm 0.8$ events are expected from SM processes. Three events are observed, see Fig. 2. Due to the asymmetry of the uncertainties, three events corresponds to the median expected number of observed events from SM processes.

7. Statistical analysis

To test for possible resonances we search for an excess in the full spectrum using the BUMPHUNTER algorithm [43]. No significant excess is found in the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$, low-mass $\ell\ell jj$ or high-mass $\ell\ell jj$ spectra. The largest excesses have p -values of 0.07, 0.08, and 0.08

Table 3

Background estimates in 1.02 fb^{-1} of data in the $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300 \text{ GeV}$ signal region. Also shown are expected yields for $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ samples for a coupling of $k/\bar{m}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$. The first quoted uncertainty is statistical; the second systematic.

Process	Total
ZZ	$1.9 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$
Mis. lep.	$0.02^{+1.0}_{-0.01} \pm 0.8$
Total bkg.	$1.9^{+1.0}_{-0.1} \pm 0.1$
Data	3
$G^*(325 \text{ GeV})$	$590 \pm 40 \pm 30$
$G^*(350 \text{ GeV})$	$71 \pm 3 \pm 4$
$G^*(500 \text{ GeV})$	$12 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$
$G^*(750 \text{ GeV})$	$1.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$
$G^*(1000 \text{ GeV})$	$(2.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-1}$
$G^*(1250 \text{ GeV})$	$(6.6 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-2}$
$G^*(1500 \text{ GeV})$	$(1.9 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-2}$

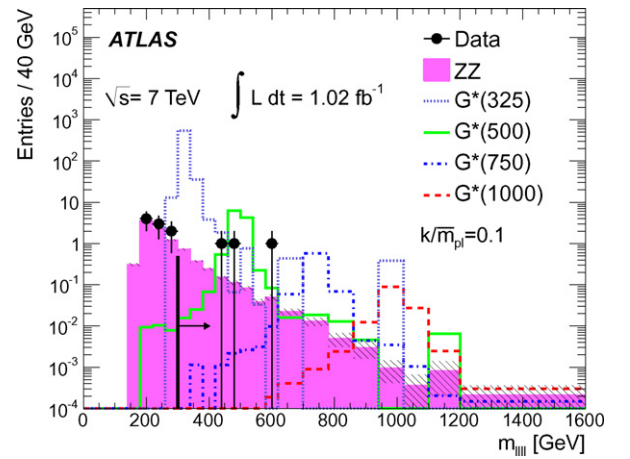


Fig. 2. Distribution of the four lepton invariant mass for the selected events. The misidentified lepton background is negligible and not shown. Hypothetical graviton signal distributions are overlaid. The hatched area shows the uncertainty on the background prediction. The region with $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} < 300 \text{ GeV}$, to the left of the solid black line, serves as a ZZ control region; the signal region, indicated by the arrow, is $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300 \text{ GeV}$. Overflow events are shown in the highest mass bin. Numerical values are given in Table 3.

respectively, corresponding to significances of 1.5σ , 1.4σ , 1.4σ , respectively.

Observing no significant excess, we calculate limits on the production cross section times branching ratio for a narrow ZZ resonance from the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ channel and the $\ell\ell jj$ channels separately, as well as for the combined channel. In the $\ell\ell jj$ channel, the background falls quickly and the resonance is expected to be fairly narrow; statistical analysis for each hypothesized mass is therefore done as a counting experiment using a single bin that surrounds the hypothesized mass. The mass windows are chosen to optimize the expected limit in the background-only hypothesis. In the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ channel, the background is very low and the knowledge of the mass dependence of the misidentified lepton background is limited by the small number of events in the sample used to estimate its contribution. Hence, a single wide window, $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300 \text{ GeV}$, is used. Limits are evaluated at a specific set of mass points and interpolated between them, as the background levels and signal acceptance are smoothly varying.

Limits are set using the CLs method [44,45], a modified frequentist approach. In this method a log-likelihood ratio (LLR) test statistic is formed using the Poisson probabilities for estimated background yields, the signal acceptance, and the observed number of events for all ZZ resonance mass hypotheses, accounting

Table 4

Mass windows (in GeV) for statistical analysis of the $\ell\ell jj$ channel at each of the generated graviton masses (in GeV), with the expected numbers of background, graviton ($k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$), and observed events. For a resonance mass of 350 GeV, the low-mass selection is used; at the remaining mass values the high-mass selection is used. Uncertainties are statistical and systematic added in quadrature.

Resonance mass	Mass window		Expected background	Expected signal	Obs.
350	330–360	$eejj$	116^{+20}_{-15}	161^{+36}_{-14}	109
		$\mu\mu jj$	163^{+28}_{-23}	165^{+19}_{-16}	147
500	480–530	$eejj$	6^{+4}_{-2}	27^{+3}_{-4}	8
		$\mu\mu jj$	8^{+5}_{-2}	23^{+2}_{-3}	6
750	730–830	$eejj$	4^{+2}_{-1}	$6.5^{+0.6}_{-0.9}$	6
		$\mu\mu jj$	$1.2^{+0.9}_{-0.5}$	$6.9^{+0.6}_{-0.7}$	2
1000	900–1090	$eejj$	$2.1^{+1.3}_{-0.9}$	1.2 ± 0.2	2
		$\mu\mu jj$	$1.2^{+0.8}_{-0.5}$	1.2 ± 0.1	3
1250	≥ 1150	$eejj$	$0.4^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	0.18 ± 0.01	1
		$\mu\mu jj$	$0.5^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	0.21 ± 0.01	1
1500	≥ 1300	$eejj$	0.1 ± 0.1	0.04 ± 0.01	0
		$\mu\mu jj$	0.4 ± 0.4	0.04 ± 0.01	1

for systematic uncertainties on the background estimate and signal acceptance. Pseudo-experiments are drawn from a Poisson distribution whose mean is drawn from a bifurcated Gaussian and truncated at zero; a bifurcated Gaussian has distinct positive and negative widths to represent asymmetric uncertainties. Confidence levels are derived by integrating the LLR in pseudo-experiments using both the signal plus background hypotheses (CL_{s+b}) as well as the background only hypothesis (CL_b). In the modified frequentist approach, the production cross section excluded at 95% CL is computed as the cross section for which CL_s , defined as CL_{s+b}/CL_b , is equal to 0.05.

7.1. $\ell\ell jj$ limits

For the statistical analysis of the $\ell\ell jj$ data, mass windows are chosen surrounding each of the generated graviton masses to perform a counting experiment, as shown in Table 4. The mass windows are chosen to optimize the expected limit in the background-only hypothesis. For a resonance mass of 350 GeV, the low-mass selection described above is as the initial selection; at the remaining mass values the high-mass selection described above is used. Observed limits are shown in Table 6 for the individual $eejj$ and $\mu\mu jj$ channels. The combined limits for the $\ell\ell jj$ channel are shown in Fig. 3.

The acceptance times efficiency including the mass window cuts is 5.6% (5.3%, 13.1%, 12.9%, 8.6%, and 6.0%) for 350 (500, 750, 1000, 1250 and 1500) GeV graviton signal with Z boson decays to e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$, and $\tau^+\tau^-$; the uncertainty is 15%, relative. The acceptance drop at high mass is due to highly boosted Z bosons producing a single merged jet.

7.2. $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ limits

The analysis of the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ data is done using a single mass-independent counting experiment. The median expected upper limit on the number of $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ events from a new source with $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300$ GeV is $N_{ZZ} < 5.7$ events at 95% CL. The observed three events leads to an upper limit of $N_{ZZ} < 5.7$ events at 95% CL.

We define a $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell$ fiducial region, which contains events with four charged leptons (e or μ) each with $p_T > 15$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$ forming two OS-SF pairs each with $m_{\ell\ell} \in [66, 116]$ GeV and $m_{\ell\ell\ell\ell} > 300$ GeV. Within this fiducial region, the efficiency of

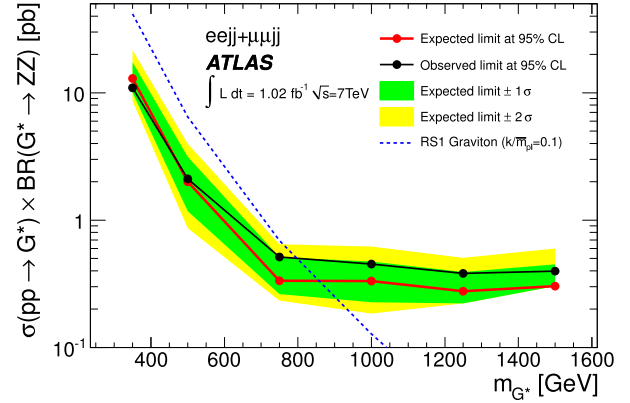


Fig. 3. Expected and observed 95% CL limits for $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ for the combined $\ell\ell jj$ channel. The leading-order theoretical prediction is also shown for $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$. Theoretical predictions scale with $(k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}})^2$.

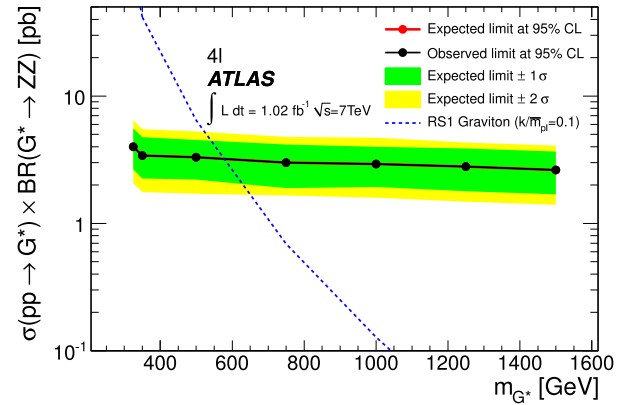


Fig. 4. Expected and observed 95% CL limits for $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ using the $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell$ fiducial cross section upper limit, and the fraction of the produced events which fall into the fiducial region, see Table 5. The median expected result from pseudo-experiments drawn from the SM hypothesis is shown; the observed limit corresponds to $N_{\text{obs}} = 3$. The leading-order theoretical prediction is also shown for $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$. Theoretical predictions scale with $(k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}})^2$.

the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ selection is nearly independent of the graviton mass for the RS1 graviton benchmark model, as shown in Table 5.

The lowest selection efficiency (61%) is used to set limits on all mass points. The corresponding ZZ fiducial limit on the production of new sources of high-mass ZZ pairs is

$$\sigma_{ZZ, \text{fid}} < \frac{N_{ZZ}}{\epsilon_{ZZ} \times B(ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell) \times \mathcal{L}} = \frac{5.7}{0.61 \times 0.010 \times 1.02 \text{ fb}^{-1}} = 0.92 \text{ pb},$$

which can be applied to our benchmark model of RS1 gravitons using the fiducial acceptance, see Fig. 4 and Table 5, but may be extended to a larger class of models that hypothesize resonances with branching fraction (B) to ZZ different than that in the RS1 model.

The fiducial efficiency is relative to all ZZ decays to charged leptons, including τ leptons, and therefore $B(ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell) = 0.010$ also includes τ lepton decays.

7.3. Combined limits

The limits obtained from combinations of channels are calculated using the same technique, keeping each channel separate but with a coherent signal hypothesis and including the correlations

Table 5

For spin-2 RS1 graviton models, the theoretical prediction of $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G^* \rightarrow ZZ)$ using a coupling of $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$; acceptance of the $G^* \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell$ fiducial region defined in the text, and the efficiency of the selection described in the text; the median expected and observed 95% CL upper limits on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G^* \rightarrow ZZ)$ using the fiducial cross-section limit. We use $B(G^* \rightarrow ZZ) = 4.5\%$ [46] and $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G^*)$ at leading order from PYTHIA with $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$; predictions scale as $(k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}})^2$. As is done with the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ fiducial limit, the lowest selection efficiency (61%) is used to set limits on all mass points.

Graviton mass (GeV)	Theory $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$ (pb)	Fid. acc.	Sel. eff.	Exp. limit (pb)	Obs. limit (pb)
325	950	23%	61%	4.0	4.0
350	42	27%	61%	3.3	3.3
500	6.5	28%	63%	3.2	3.2
750	0.69	31%	66%	2.9	2.9
1000	0.13	32%	66%	2.8	2.8
1250	0.03	33%	67%	2.7	2.7
1500	0.01	35%	66%	2.6	2.6

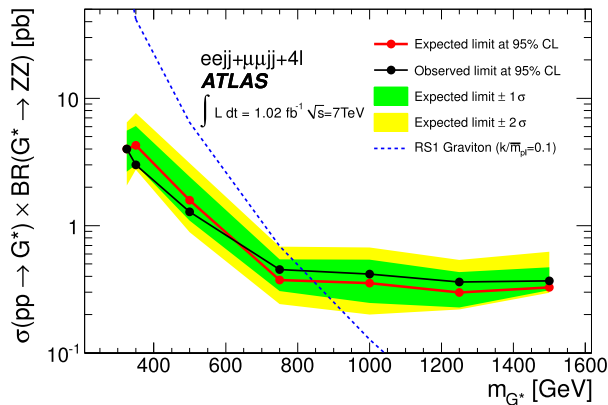


Fig. 5. Expected and observed 95% CL limits for $G^* \rightarrow ZZ$ for the combined $\ell\ell jj + \ell\ell\ell\ell$ channels. The leading-order theoretical prediction is also shown for $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$. Theoretical predictions scale with $(k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}})^2$.

Table 6

Upper limits at 95% CL on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G^*) \times B(G^* \rightarrow ZZ)$ in the individual channels $eejj$, $\mu\mu jj$ and $\ell\ell jj$ as well as the combined $\ell\ell jj$ ($eejj$ and $\mu\mu jj$) and $\ell\ell\ell\ell + \ell\ell jj$ ($eejj$, $\mu\mu jj$ and $\ell\ell\ell\ell$) channels.

Graviton mass (GeV)	$eejj$ (pb)	$\mu\mu jj$ (pb)	$\ell\ell jj$ (pb)	$\ell\ell\ell\ell$ (pb)	$\ell\ell\ell\ell + \ell\ell jj$ (pb)
325	–	–	–	4.0	4.0
350	8.9	11.6	10.9	3.3	3.0
500	2.3	1.8	2.1	3.3	1.3
750	0.9	0.5	0.5	2.9	0.5
1000	0.6	0.7	0.5	2.8	0.4
1250	0.7	0.6	0.4	2.8	0.4
1500	0.7	0.9	0.4	2.6	0.4

between the systematics where appropriate. The dominant uncertainties in the $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ channel are due to the misidentified-lepton estimate; the degree of correlation with uncertainties in the $\ell\ell jj$ channel is small. The combined limits are shown in Fig. 5 and given in Table 6.

We exclude an RS1 graviton in the mass range of 325 to 845 GeV at 95% CL for $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$.

8. Conclusions

We report the results of a search for narrow resonances such as Randall–Sundrum gravitons decaying to ZZ pairs, using $\ell\ell jj$ and $\ell\ell\ell\ell$ final states collected by the ATLAS detector from $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV LHC pp collisions. No excess is seen above the expected SM

backgrounds, and upper limits are set on the cross section of graviton production times the branching fraction to ZZ . We exclude an RS1 graviton in the mass range of 325 to 845 GeV at 95% CL for $k/\bar{m}_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$.

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ATLAS Collaboration

G. Aad⁴⁸, B. Abbott¹¹⁰, J. Abdallah¹¹, A.A. Abdelalim⁴⁹, A. Abdesselam¹¹⁷, O. Abidinov¹⁰, B. Abi¹¹¹, M. Abolins⁸⁷, O.S. AbouZeid¹⁵⁷, H. Abramowicz¹⁵², H. Abreu¹¹⁴, E. Acerbi^{88a,88b}, B.S. Acharya^{163a,163b}, L. Adamczyk³⁷, D.L. Adams²⁴, T.N. Addy⁵⁶, J. Adelman¹⁷⁴, M. Aderholz⁹⁸, S. Adomeit⁹⁷, P. Adragna⁷⁴, T. Adye¹²⁸, S. Aefsky²², J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{123b,a}, M. Aharrouche⁸⁰, S.P. Ahlen²¹, F. Ahles⁴⁸, A. Ahmad¹⁴⁷, M. Ahsan⁴⁰, G. Aielli^{132a,132b}, T. Akdogan^{18a}, T.P.A. Åkesson⁷⁸, G. Akimoto¹⁵⁴, A.V. Akimov⁹³, A. Akiyama⁶⁶, M.S. Alam¹, M.A. Alam⁷⁵, J. Albert¹⁶⁸, S. Albrand⁵⁵, M. Aleksa²⁹, I.N. Aleksandrov⁶⁴, F. Alessandria^{88a}, C. Alexa^{25a}, G. Alexander¹⁵², G. Alexandre⁴⁹, T. Alexopoulos⁹, M. Alhroob²⁰, M. Aliev¹⁵, G. Alimonti^{88a}, J. Alison¹¹⁹, M. Aliyev¹⁰, B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁷, P.P. Allport⁷², S.E. Allwood-Spiers⁵³, J. Almond⁸¹, A. Aloisio^{101a,101b}, R. Alon¹⁷⁰, A. Alonso⁷⁸, B. Alvarez Gonzalez⁸⁷, M.G. Alviggi^{101a,101b}, K. Amako⁶⁵, P. Amaral²⁹, C. Amelung²², V.V. Ammosov¹²⁷, A. Amorim^{123a,b}, G. Amorós¹⁶⁶, N. Amram¹⁵², C. Anastopoulos²⁹, L.S. Ancu¹⁶, N. Andari¹¹⁴, T. Andeen³⁴, C.F. Anders²⁰, G. Anders^{58a}, K.J. Anderson³⁰, A. Andreazza^{88a,88b}, V. Andrei^{58a}, M-L. Andrieux⁵⁵, X.S. Anduaga⁶⁹, A. Angerami³⁴, F. Anghinolfi²⁹, A. Anisenkov¹⁰⁶, N. Anjos^{123a}, A. Annovi⁴⁷, A. Antonaki⁸, M. Antonelli⁴⁷, A. Antonov⁹⁵, J. Antos^{143b}, F. Anulli^{131a}, S. Aoun⁸², L. Aperio Bella⁴, R. Apolle^{117,c}, G. Arabidze⁸⁷, I. Aracena¹⁴², Y. Arai⁶⁵, A.T.H. Arce⁴⁴, S. Arfaoui¹⁴⁷, J-F. Arguin¹⁴, E. Arik^{18a,*}, M. Arik^{18a}, A.J. Armbruster⁸⁶, O. Arnaez⁸⁰, C. Arnault¹¹⁴, A. Artamonov⁹⁴, G. Artoni^{131a,131b}, D. Arutinov²⁰, S. Asai¹⁵⁴, R. Asfandiyarov¹⁷¹, S. Ask²⁷, B. Åsman^{145a,145b}, L. Asquith⁵, K. Assamagan²⁴, A. Astbury¹⁶⁸, A. Astvatsatourov⁵², B. Aubert⁴, E. Auge¹¹⁴, K. Augsten¹²⁶, M. Auresseau^{144a}, G. Avolio¹⁶², R. Avramidou⁹, D. Axen¹⁶⁷, C. Ay⁵⁴, G. Azuelos^{92,d}, Y. Azuma¹⁵⁴, M.A. Baak²⁹, G. Baccaglioni^{88a}, C. Bacci^{133a,133b}, A.M. Bach¹⁴, H. Bachacou¹³⁵, K. Bachas²⁹, M. Backes⁴⁹, M. Backhaus²⁰, E. Badescu^{25a}, P. Bagnaia^{131a,131b}, S. Bahinipati², Y. Bai^{32a}, D.C. Bailey¹⁵⁷, T. Bain¹⁵⁷, J.T. Baines¹²⁸, O.K. Baker¹⁷⁴, M.D. Baker²⁴, S. Baker⁷⁶, E. Banas³⁸, P. Banerjee⁹², Sw. Banerjee¹⁷¹, D. Banfi²⁹, A. Bangert¹⁴⁹, V. Bansal¹⁶⁸, H.S. Bansil¹⁷, L. Barak¹⁷⁰, S.P. Baranov⁹³, A. Barashkou⁶⁴, A. Barbaro Galtieri¹⁴, T. Barber⁴⁸, E.L. Barberio⁸⁵, D. Barberis^{50a,50b}, M. Barbero²⁰, D.Y. Bardin⁶⁴, T. Barillari⁹⁸, M. Barisonzi¹⁷³, T. Barklow¹⁴², N. Barlow²⁷, B.M. Barnett¹²⁸, R.M. Barnett¹⁴, A. Baroncelli^{133a}, G. Barone⁴⁹, A.J. Barr¹¹⁷, F. Barreiro⁷⁹, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa⁵⁷, P. Barrillon¹¹⁴, R. Bartoldus¹⁴², A.E. Barton⁷⁰, V. Bartsch¹⁴⁸, R.L. Bates⁵³, L. Batkova^{143a}, J.R. Batley²⁷, A. Battaglia¹⁶, M. Battistin²⁹, F. Bauer¹³⁵, H.S. Bawa^{142,e}, S. Beale⁹⁷, T. Beau⁷⁷, P.H. Beauchemin¹⁶⁰, R. Beccherle^{50a}, P. Bechtel²⁰, H.P. Beck¹⁶, S. Becker⁹⁷, M. Beckingham¹³⁷, K.H. Becks¹⁷³, A.J. Beddall^{18c}, A. Beddall^{18c}, S. Bedikian¹⁷⁴, V.A. Bednyakov⁶⁴, C.P. Bee⁸², M. Begel²⁴, S. Behar Harpaz¹⁵¹, P.K. Behera⁶², M. Beimforde⁹⁸, C. Belanger-Champagne⁸⁴, P.J. Bell⁴⁹, W.H. Bell⁴⁹, G. Bella¹⁵², L. Bellagamba^{19a}, F. Bellina²⁹, M. Bellomo²⁹, A. Belloni⁵⁷, O. Beloborodova^{106,f}, K. Belotskiy⁹⁵, O. Beltramello²⁹, S. Ben Ami¹⁵¹, O. Benary¹⁵², D. Benchekroun^{134a}, C. Benchouk⁸², M. Bendel⁸⁰, N. Benekos¹⁶⁴, Y. Benhammou¹⁵², E. Benhar Noccioli⁴⁹, J.A. Benitez Garcia^{158b}, D.P. Benjamin⁴⁴, M. Benoit¹¹⁴, J.R. Bensinger²², K. Benslama¹²⁹, S. Bentvelsen¹⁰⁴, D. Berge²⁹, E. Bergeaas Kuutmann⁴¹, N. Berger⁴, F. Berghaus¹⁶⁸, E. Berglund¹⁰⁴, J. Beringer¹⁴, P. Bernat⁷⁶, R. Bernhard⁴⁸, C. Bernius²⁴, T. Berry⁷⁵, C. Bertella⁸², A. Bertin^{19a,19b}, F. Bertinelli²⁹, F. Bertolucci^{121a,121b}, M.I. Besana^{88a,88b}, N. Besson¹³⁵, S. Bethke⁹⁸, W. Bhimji⁴⁵, R.M. Bianchi²⁹, M. Bianco^{71a,71b}, O. Biebel⁹⁷, S.P. Bieniek⁷⁶, K. Bierwagen⁵⁴, J. Biesiada¹⁴, M. Biglietti^{133a}, H. Bilokon⁴⁷, M. Bindi^{19a,19b}, S. Binet¹¹⁴, A. Bingul^{18c},

C. Bini ^{131a,131b}, C. Biscarat ¹⁷⁶, U. Bitenc ⁴⁸, K.M. Black ²¹, R.E. Blair ⁵, J.-B. Blanchard ¹³⁵, G. Blanchot ²⁹, T. Blazek ^{143a}, C. Blocker ²², J. Blocki ³⁸, A. Blondel ⁴⁹, W. Blum ⁸⁰, U. Blumenschein ⁵⁴, G.J. Bobbink ¹⁰⁴, V.B. Bobrovnikov ¹⁰⁶, S.S. Bocchetta ⁷⁸, A. Bocci ⁴⁴, C.R. Boddy ¹¹⁷, M. Boehler ⁴¹, J. Boek ¹⁷³, N. Boelaert ³⁵, J.A. Bogaerts ²⁹, A. Bogdanchikov ¹⁰⁶, A. Bogouch ^{89,*}, C. Bohm ^{145a}, V. Boisvert ⁷⁵, T. Bold ³⁷, V. Boldea ^{25a}, N.M. Bolnet ¹³⁵, M. Bona ⁷⁴, V.G. Bondarenko ⁹⁵, M. Bondioli ¹⁶², M. Boonekamp ¹³⁵, C.N. Booth ¹³⁸, S. Bordini ⁷⁷, C. Borer ¹⁶, A. Borisov ¹²⁷, G. Borissov ⁷⁰, I. Borjanovic ^{12a}, M. Borri ⁸¹, S. Borroni ⁸⁶, V. Bortolotto ^{133a,133b}, K. Bos ¹⁰⁴, D. Boscherini ^{19a}, M. Bosman ¹¹, H. Boterenbrood ¹⁰⁴, D. Botterill ¹²⁸, J. Bouchami ⁹², J. Boudreau ¹²², E.V. Bouhova-Thacker ⁷⁰, D. Boumediene ³³, C. Bourdarios ¹¹⁴, N. Bousson ⁸², A. Boveia ³⁰, J. Boyd ²⁹, I.R. Boyko ⁶⁴, N.I. Bozhko ¹²⁷, I. Bozovic-Jelisavcic ^{12b}, J. Bracinik ¹⁷, A. Braem ²⁹, P. Branchini ^{133a}, G.W. Brandenburg ⁵⁷, A. Brandt ⁷, G. Brandt ¹¹⁷, O. Brandt ⁵⁴, U. Bratzler ¹⁵⁵, B. Brau ⁸³, J.E. Brau ¹¹³, H.M. Braun ¹⁷³, B. Breliev ¹⁵⁷, J. Bremer ²⁹, R. Brenner ¹⁶⁵, S. Bressler ¹⁷⁰, D. Britton ⁵³, F.M. Brochu ²⁷, I. Brock ²⁰, R. Brock ⁸⁷, T.J. Brodbeck ⁷⁰, E. Brodet ¹⁵², F. Broggi ^{88a}, C. Bromberg ⁸⁷, J. Bronner ⁹⁸, G. Brooijmans ³⁴, W.K. Brooks ^{31b}, G. Brown ⁸¹, H. Brown ⁷, P.A. Bruckman de Renstrom ³⁸, D. Bruncko ^{143b}, R. Bruneliere ⁴⁸, S. Brunet ⁶⁰, A. Bruni ^{19a}, G. Bruni ^{19a}, M. Bruschi ^{19a}, T. Buanes ¹³, Q. Buat ⁵⁵, F. Bucci ⁴⁹, J. Buchanan ¹¹⁷, N.J. Buchanan ², P. Buchholz ¹⁴⁰, R.M. Buckingham ¹¹⁷, A.G. Buckley ⁴⁵, S.I. Buda ^{25a}, I.A. Budagov ⁶⁴, B. Budick ¹⁰⁷, V. Büscher ⁸⁰, L. Bugge ¹¹⁶, O. Bulekov ⁹⁵, M. Bunse ⁴², T. Buran ¹¹⁶, H. Burckhart ²⁹, S. Burdin ⁷², T. Burgess ¹³, S. Burke ¹²⁸, E. Busato ³³, P. Bussey ⁵³, C.P. Buszello ¹⁶⁵, F. Butin ²⁹, B. Butler ¹⁴², J.M. Butler ²¹, C.M. Buttar ⁵³, J.M. Butterworth ⁷⁶, W. Buttinger ²⁷, S. Cabrera Urbán ¹⁶⁶, D. Caforio ^{19a,19b}, O. Cakir ^{3a}, P. Calafiura ¹⁴, G. Calderini ⁷⁷, P. Calfayan ⁹⁷, R. Calkins ¹⁰⁵, L.P. Caloba ^{23a}, R. Caloi ^{131a,131b}, D. Calvet ³³, S. Calvet ³³, R. Camacho Toro ³³, P. Camarri ^{132a,132b}, M. Cambiaghi ^{118a,118b}, D. Cameron ¹¹⁶, L.M. Caminada ¹⁴, S. Campana ²⁹, M. Campanelli ⁷⁶, V. Canale ^{101a,101b}, F. Canelli ^{30,g}, A. Canepa ^{158a}, J. Cantero ⁷⁹, L. Capasso ^{101a,101b}, M.D.M. Capeans Garrido ²⁹, I. Caprini ^{25a}, M. Caprini ^{25a}, D. Capriotti ⁹⁸, M. Capua ^{36a,36b}, R. Caputo ⁸⁰, C. Caramarcu ²⁴, R. Cardarelli ^{132a}, T. Carli ²⁹, G. Carlino ^{101a}, L. Carminati ^{88a,88b}, B. Caron ⁸⁴, S. Caron ¹⁰³, G.D. Carrillo Montoya ¹⁷¹, A.A. Carter ¹⁷¹, J.R. Carter ²⁷, J. Carvalho ^{123a,h}, D. Casadei ¹⁰⁷, M.P. Casado ¹¹, M. Cascella ^{121a,121b}, C. Caso ^{50a,50b,*}, A.M. Castaneda Hernandez ¹⁷¹, E. Castaneda-Miranda ¹⁷¹, V. Castillo Gimenez ¹⁶⁶, N.F. Castro ^{123a}, G. Cataldi ^{71a}, F. Cataneo ²⁹, A. Catinaccio ²⁹, J.R. Catmore ²⁹, A. Cattai ²⁹, G. Cattani ^{132a,132b}, S. Caughron ⁸⁷, D. Cauz ^{163a,163c}, P. Cavalleri ⁷⁷, D. Cavalli ^{88a}, M. Cavalli-Sforza ¹¹, V. Cavasinni ^{121a,121b}, F. Ceradini ^{133a,133b}, A.S. Cerqueira ^{23b}, A. Cerri ²⁹, L. Cerrito ⁷⁴, F. Cerutti ⁴⁷, S.A. Cetin ^{18b}, F. Cevenini ^{101a,101b}, A. Chafaq ^{134a}, D. Chakraborty ¹⁰⁵, K. Chan ², B. Chapleau ⁸⁴, J.D. Chapman ²⁷, J.W. Chapman ⁸⁶, E. Chareyre ⁷⁷, D.G. Charlton ¹⁷, V. Chavda ⁸¹, C.A. Chavez Barajas ²⁹, S. Cheatham ⁸⁴, S. Chekanov ⁵, S.V. Chekulaev ^{158a}, G.A. Chelkov ⁶⁴, M.A. Chelstowska ¹⁰³, C. Chen ⁶³, H. Chen ²⁴, S. Chen ^{32c}, T. Chen ^{32c}, X. Chen ¹⁷¹, S. Cheng ^{32a}, A. Cheplakov ⁶⁴, V.F. Chepurinov ⁶⁴, R. Cherkaoui El Moursli ^{134e}, V. Chernyatin ²⁴, E. Cheu ⁶, S.L. Cheung ¹⁵⁷, L. Chevalier ¹³⁵, G. Chiefari ^{101a,101b}, L. Chikovani ^{51a}, J.T. Childers ²⁹, A. Chilingarov ⁷⁰, G. Chiodini ^{71a}, A.S. Chisholm ¹⁷, M.V. Chizhov ⁶⁴, G. Choudalakis ³⁰, S. Chouridou ¹³⁶, I.A. Christidi ⁷⁶, A. Christov ⁴⁸, D. Chromek-Burckhart ²⁹, M.L. Chu ¹⁵⁰, J. Chudoba ¹²⁴, G. Ciapetti ^{131a,131b}, K. Ciba ³⁷, A.K. Ciftci ^{3a}, R. Ciftci ^{3a}, D. Cinca ³³, V. Cindro ⁷³, M.D. Ciobotaru ¹⁶², C. Ciocca ^{19a}, A. Ciochio ¹⁴, M. Cirilli ⁸⁶, M. Citterio ^{88a}, M. Ciubancan ^{25a}, A. Clark ⁴⁹, P.J. Clark ⁴⁵, W. Cleland ¹²², J.C. Clemens ⁸², B. Clement ⁵⁵, C. Clement ^{145a,145b}, R.W. Clifft ¹²⁸, Y. Coadou ⁸², M. Cobal ^{163a,163c}, A. Coccaro ¹⁷¹, J. Cochran ⁶³, P. Coe ¹¹⁷, J.G. Cogan ¹⁴², J. Coggeshall ¹⁶⁴, E. Cogneras ¹⁷⁶, J. Colas ⁴, A.P. Colijn ¹⁰⁴, N.J. Collins ¹⁷, C. Collins-Tooth ⁵³, J. Collot ⁵⁵, G. Colon ⁸³, P. Conde Muiño ^{123a}, E. Coniavitis ¹¹⁷, M.C. Conidi ¹¹, M. Consonni ¹⁰³, V. Consorti ⁴⁸, S. Constantinescu ^{25a}, C. Conta ^{118a,118b}, F. Conventi ^{101a,i}, J. Cook ²⁹, M. Cooke ¹⁴, B.D. Cooper ⁷⁶, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar ¹¹⁷, K. Copic ¹⁴, T. Cornelissen ¹⁷³, M. Corradi ^{19a}, F. Corriveau ^{84,j}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez ¹⁶⁴, G. Cortiana ⁹⁸, G. Costa ^{88a}, M.J. Costa ¹⁶⁶, D. Costanzo ¹³⁸, T. Costin ³⁰, D. Côté ²⁹, R. Coura Torres ^{23a}, L. Courneyea ¹⁶⁸, G. Cowan ⁷⁵, C. Cowden ²⁷, B.E. Cox ⁸¹, K. Cranmer ¹⁰⁷, F. Crescioli ^{121a,121b}, M. Cristinziani ²⁰, G. Crosetti ^{36a,36b}, R. Crupi ^{71a,71b}, S. Crépe-Renaudin ⁵⁵, C.-M. Cuciuc ^{25a}, C. Cuenca Almenar ¹⁷⁴, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann ¹³⁸, M. Curatolo ⁴⁷, C.J. Curtis ¹⁷, C. Cuthbert ¹⁴⁹, P. Cwetanski ⁶⁰, H. Czirr ¹⁴⁰, P. Czodrowski ⁴³, Z. Czynzula ¹⁷⁴, S. D'Auria ⁵³, M. D'Onofrio ⁷², A. D'Orazio ^{131a,131b}, P.V.M. Da Silva ^{23a}, C. Da Via ⁸¹, W. Dabrowski ³⁷, T. Dai ⁸⁶, C. Dallapiccola ⁸³, M. Dam ³⁵, M. Dameri ^{50a,50b}, D.S. Damiani ¹³⁶, H.O. Danielsson ²⁹, D. Dannheim ⁹⁸,

V. Dao⁴⁹, G. Darbo^{50a}, G.L. Darlea^{25b}, W. Davey²⁰, T. Davidek¹²⁵, N. Davidson⁸⁵, R. Davidson⁷⁰, E. Davies^{117,c}, M. Davies⁹², A.R. Davison⁷⁶, Y. Davygora^{58a}, E. Dawe¹⁴¹, I. Dawson¹³⁸, J.W. Dawson^{5,*}, R.K. Daya-Ishmukhametova²², K. De⁷, R. de Asmundis^{101a}, S. De Castro^{19a,19b}, P.E. De Castro Faria Salgado²⁴, S. De Cecco⁷⁷, J. de Graat⁹⁷, N. De Groot¹⁰³, P. de Jong¹⁰⁴, C. De La Taille¹¹⁴, H. De la Torre⁷⁹, B. De Lotto^{163a,163c}, L. de Mora⁷⁰, L. De Nooij¹⁰⁴, D. De Pedis^{131a}, A. De Salvo^{131a}, U. De Sanctis^{163a,163c}, A. De Santo¹⁴⁸, J.B. De Vivie De Regie¹¹⁴, S. Dean⁷⁶, W.J. Dearnaley⁷⁰, R. Debbe²⁴, C. Debenedetti⁴⁵, D.V. Dedovich⁶⁴, J. Degenhardt¹¹⁹, M. Dehchar¹¹⁷, C. Del Papa^{163a,163c}, J. Del Peso⁷⁹, T. Del Prete^{121a,121b}, T. Delemontex⁵⁵, M. Deliyergiyev⁷³, A. Dell'Acqua²⁹, L. Dell'Asta²¹, M. Della Pietra^{101a,i}, D. della Volpe^{101a,101b}, M. Delmastro⁴, N. Delruelle²⁹, P.A. Delsart⁵⁵, C. Deluca¹⁴⁷, S. Demers¹⁷⁴, M. Demichev⁶⁴, B. Demirköz^{11,k}, J. Deng¹⁶², S.P. Denisov¹²⁷, D. Derendarz³⁸, J.E. Derkaoui^{134d}, F. Derue⁷⁷, P. Dervan⁷², K. Desch²⁰, E. Devetak¹⁴⁷, P.O. Deviveiros¹⁰⁴, A. Dewhurst¹²⁸, B. DeWilde¹⁴⁷, S. Dhaliwal¹⁵⁷, R. Dhullipudi^{24,l}, A. Di Ciaccio^{132a,132b}, L. Di Ciaccio⁴, A. Di Girolamo²⁹, B. Di Girolamo²⁹, S. Di Luise^{133a,133b}, A. Di Mattia¹⁷¹, B. Di Micco²⁹, R. Di Nardo⁴⁷, A. Di Simone^{132a,132b}, R. Di Sipio^{19a,19b}, M.A. Diaz^{31a}, F. Diblen^{18c}, E.B. Diehl⁸⁶, J. Dietrich⁴¹, T.A. Dietzsch^{58a}, S. Diglio⁸⁵, K. Dindar Yagci³⁹, J. Dingfelder²⁰, C. Dionisi^{131a,131b}, P. Dita^{25a}, S. Dita^{25a}, F. Dittus²⁹, F. Djama⁸², T. Djobava^{51b}, M.A.B. do Vale^{23c}, A. Do Valle Wemans^{123a}, T.K.O. Doan⁴, M. Dobbs⁸⁴, R. Dobinson^{29,*}, D. Dobos²⁹, E. Dobson^{29,m}, J. Dodd³⁴, C. Doglioni⁴⁹, T. Doherty⁵³, Y. Doi^{65,*}, J. Dolejsi¹²⁵, I. Dolenc⁷³, Z. Dolezal¹²⁵, B.A. Dolgoshein^{95,*}, T. Dohmae¹⁵⁴, M. Donadelli^{23d}, M. Donega¹¹⁹, J. Donini³³, J. Dopke²⁹, A. Doria^{101a}, A. Dos Anjos¹⁷¹, M. Dosil¹¹, A. Dotti^{121a,121b}, M.T. Dova⁶⁹, J.D. Dowell¹⁷, A.D. Doxiadis¹⁰⁴, A.T. Doyle⁵³, Z. Drasal¹²⁵, J. Drees¹⁷³, N. Dressnandt¹¹⁹, H. Drevermann²⁹, C. Driouichi³⁵, M. Dris⁹, J. Dubbert⁹⁸, S. Dube¹⁴, E. Duchovni¹⁷⁰, G. Duckeck⁹⁷, A. Dudarev²⁹, F. Dudziak⁶³, M. Dührssen²⁹, I.P. Duerdath⁸¹, L. Duflot¹¹⁴, M-A. Dufour⁸⁴, M. Dunford²⁹, H. Duran Yildiz^{3a}, R. Duxfield¹³⁸, M. Dwuznik³⁷, F. Dydak²⁹, M. Düren⁵², W.L. Ebenstein⁴⁴, J. Ebke⁹⁷, S. Eckweiler⁸⁰, K. Edmonds⁸⁰, C.A. Edwards⁷⁵, N.C. Edwards⁵³, W. Ehrenfeld⁴¹, T. Ehrich⁹⁸, T. Eifert¹⁴², G. Eigen¹³, K. Einsweiler¹⁴, E. Eisenhandler⁷⁴, T. Ekelof¹⁶⁵, M. El Kacimi^{134c}, M. Ellert¹⁶⁵, S. Elles⁴, F. Ellinghaus⁸⁰, K. Ellis⁷⁴, N. Ellis²⁹, J. Elmsheuser⁹⁷, M. Elsing²⁹, D. Emelianov¹²⁸, R. Engelmann¹⁴⁷, A. Engl⁹⁷, B. Epp⁶¹, A. Eppig⁸⁶, J. Erdmann⁵⁴, A. Ereditato¹⁶, D. Eriksson^{145a}, J. Ernst¹, M. Ernst²⁴, J. Ernwein¹³⁵, D. Errede¹⁶⁴, S. Errede¹⁶⁴, E. Ertel⁸⁰, M. Escalier¹¹⁴, C. Escobar¹²², X. Espinal Curull¹¹, B. Esposito⁴⁷, F. Etienne⁸², A.I. Etievre¹³⁵, E. Etzion¹⁵², D. Evangelakou⁵⁴, H. Evans⁶⁰, L. Fabbri^{19a,19b}, C. Fabre²⁹, R.M. Fakhruddinov¹²⁷, S. Falciano^{131a}, Y. Fang¹⁷¹, M. Fanti^{88a,88b}, A. Farbin⁷, A. Farilla^{133a}, J. Farley¹⁴⁷, T. Farooque¹⁵⁷, S.M. Farrington¹¹⁷, P. Farthouat²⁹, P. Fassnacht²⁹, D. Fassouliotis⁸, B. Fathollahzadeh¹⁵⁷, A. Favareto^{88a,88b}, L. Fayard¹¹⁴, S. Fazio^{36a,36b}, R. Febbraro³³, P. Federic^{143a}, O.L. Fedin¹²⁰, W. Fedorko⁸⁷, M. Fehling-Kaschek⁴⁸, L. Feligioni⁸², D. Fellmann⁵, C. Feng^{32d}, E.J. Feng³⁰, A.B. Fenyuk¹²⁷, J. Ferencei^{143b}, J. Ferland⁹², W. Fernando¹⁰⁸, S. Ferrag⁵³, J. Ferrando⁵³, V. Ferrara⁴¹, A. Ferrari¹⁶⁵, P. Ferrari¹⁰⁴, R. Ferrari^{118a}, D.E. Ferreira de Lima⁵³, A. Ferrer¹⁶⁶, M.L. Ferrer⁴⁷, D. Ferrere⁴⁹, C. Ferretti⁸⁶, A. Ferretto Parodi^{50a,50b}, M. Fiascaris³⁰, F. Fiedler⁸⁰, A. Filipčič⁷³, A. Filippas⁹, F. Filthaut¹⁰³, M. Fincke-Keeler¹⁶⁸, M.C.N. Fiolhais^{123a,h}, L. Fiorini¹⁶⁶, A. Firan³⁹, G. Fischer⁴¹, P. Fischer²⁰, M.J. Fisher¹⁰⁸, M. Flechl⁴⁸, I. Fleck¹⁴⁰, J. Fleckner⁸⁰, P. Fleischmann¹⁷², S. Fleischmann¹⁷³, T. Flick¹⁷³, A. Floderus⁷⁸, L.R. Flores Castillo¹⁷¹, M.J. Flowerdew⁹⁸, M. Fokitis⁹, T. Fonseca Martin¹⁶, D.A. Forbush¹³⁷, A. Formica¹³⁵, A. Forti⁸¹, D. Fortin^{158a}, J.M. Foster⁸¹, D. Fournier¹¹⁴, A. Foussat²⁹, A.J. Fowler⁴⁴, K. Fowler¹³⁶, H. Fox⁷⁰, P. Francavilla¹¹, S. Franchino^{118a,118b}, D. Francis²⁹, T. Frank¹⁷⁰, M. Franklin⁵⁷, S. Franz²⁹, M. Fraternali^{118a,118b}, S. Fratina¹¹⁹, S.T. French²⁷, F. Friedrich⁴³, R. Froeschl²⁹, D. Froidevaux²⁹, J.A. Frost²⁷, C. Fukunaga¹⁵⁵, E. Fullana Torregrosa²⁹, J. Fuster¹⁶⁶, C. Gabaldon²⁹, O. Gabizon¹⁷⁰, T. Gadfort²⁴, S. Gadomski⁴⁹, G. Gagliardi^{50a,50b}, P. Gagnon⁶⁰, C. Galea⁹⁷, E.J. Gallas¹¹⁷, V. Gallo¹⁶, B.J. Gallop¹²⁸, P. Gallus¹²⁴, K.K. Gan¹⁰⁸, Y.S. Gao^{142,e}, V.A. Gapienko¹²⁷, A. Gaponenko¹⁴, F. Garbersen¹⁷⁴, M. Garcia-Sciveres¹⁴, C. García¹⁶⁶, J.E. García Navarro¹⁶⁶, R.W. Gardner³⁰, N. Garelli²⁹, H. Garitaonandia¹⁰⁴, V. Garonne²⁹, J. Garvey¹⁷, C. Gatti⁴⁷, G. Gaudio^{118a}, B. Gaur¹⁴⁰, L. Gauthier¹³⁵, I.L. Gavrilenko⁹³, C. Gay¹⁶⁷, G. Gaycken²⁰, J-C. Gayde²⁹, E.N. Gaziz⁹, P. Ge^{32d}, C.N.P. Gee¹²⁸, D.A.A. Geerts¹⁰⁴, Ch. Geich-Gimbel²⁰, K. Gellerstedt^{145a,145b}, C. Gemme^{50a}, A. Gemmell⁵³, M.H. Genest⁵⁵, S. Gentile^{131a,131b}, M. George⁵⁴, S. George⁷⁵, P. Gerlach¹⁷³, A. Gershon¹⁵², C. Geweniger^{58a}, H. Ghazlane^{134b}, N. Ghodbane³³,

B. Giacobbe^{19a}, S. Giagu^{131a,131b}, V. Giakoumopoulou⁸, V. Giangiobbe¹¹, F. Gianotti²⁹, B. Gibbard²⁴, A. Gibson¹⁵⁷, S.M. Gibson²⁹, L.M. Gilbert¹¹⁷, V. Gilewsky⁹⁰, D. Gillberg²⁸, A.R. Gillman¹²⁸, D.M. Gingrich^{2,d}, J. Ginzburg¹⁵², N. Giokaris⁸, M.P. Giordani^{163c}, R. Giordano^{101a,101b}, F.M. Giorgi¹⁵, P. Giovannini⁹⁸, P.F. Giraud¹³⁵, D. Giugni^{88a}, M. Giunta⁹², P. Giusti^{19a}, B.K. Gjelsten¹¹⁶, L.K. Gladilin⁹⁶, C. Glasman⁷⁹, J. Glatzer⁴⁸, A. Glazov⁴¹, K.W. Glitza¹⁷³, G.L. Glonti⁶⁴, J.R. Goddard⁷⁴, J. Godfrey¹⁴¹, J. Godlewski²⁹, M. Goebel⁴¹, T. Göpfert⁴³, C. Goeringer⁸⁰, C. Gössling⁴², T. Göttfert⁹⁸, S. Goldfarb⁸⁶, T. Golling¹⁷⁴, A. Gomes^{123a,b}, L.S. Gomez Fajardo⁴¹, R. Gonçalves⁷⁵, J. Goncalves Pinto Firmino Da Costa⁴¹, L. Gonella²⁰, A. Gonidec²⁹, S. Gonzalez¹⁷¹, S. González de la Hoz¹⁶⁶, G. Gonzalez Parra¹¹, M.L. Gonzalez Silva²⁶, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla⁴⁹, J.J. Goodson¹⁴⁷, L. Goossens²⁹, P.A. Gorbounov⁹⁴, H.A. Gordon²⁴, I. Gorelov¹⁰², G. Gorfine¹⁷³, B. Gorini²⁹, E. Gorini^{71a,71b}, A. Gorišek⁷³, E. Gornicki³⁸, S.A. Gorokhov¹²⁷, V.N. Goryachev¹²⁷, B. Gosdzik⁴¹, M. Gosselink¹⁰⁴, M.I. Gostkin⁶⁴, I. Gough Eschrich¹⁶², M. Gouighri^{134a}, D. Goujdami^{134c}, M.P. Goulette⁴⁹, A.G. Goussiou¹³⁷, C. Goy⁴, S. Gozpinar²², I. Grabowska-Bold³⁷, P. Grafström²⁹, K.-J. Grahn⁴¹, F. Grancagnolo^{71a}, S. Grancagnolo¹⁵, V. Grassi¹⁴⁷, V. Gratchev¹²⁰, N. Grau³⁴, H.M. Gray²⁹, J.A. Gray¹⁴⁷, E. Graziani^{133a}, O.G. Grebenyuk¹²⁰, T. Greenshaw⁷², Z.D. Greenwood^{24,l}, K. Gregersen³⁵, I.M. Gregor⁴¹, P. Grenier¹⁴², J. Griffiths¹³⁷, N. Grigalashvili⁶⁴, A.A. Grillo¹³⁶, S. Grinstein¹¹, Y.V. Grishkevich⁹⁶, J.-F. Grivaz¹¹⁴, M. Groh⁹⁸, E. Gross¹⁷⁰, J. Grosse-Knetter⁵⁴, J. Groth-Jensen¹⁷⁰, K. Grybel¹⁴⁰, V.J. Guarino⁵, D. Guest¹⁷⁴, C. Guicheney³³, A. Guida^{71a,71b}, S. Guindon⁵⁴, H. Guler^{84,n}, J. Gunther¹²⁴, B. Guo¹⁵⁷, J. Guo³⁴, A. Gupta³⁰, Y. Gusakov⁶⁴, V.N. Gushchin¹²⁷, P. Gutierrez¹¹⁰, N. Guttman¹⁵², O. Gutzwiller¹⁷¹, C. Guyot¹³⁵, C. Gwenlan¹¹⁷, C.B. Gwilliam⁷², A. Haas¹⁴², S. Haas²⁹, C. Haber¹⁴, H.K. Hadavand³⁹, D.R. Hadley¹⁷, P. Haefner⁹⁸, F. Hahn²⁹, S. Haider²⁹, Z. Hajduk³⁸, H. Hakobyan¹⁷⁵, D. Hall¹¹⁷, J. Haller⁵⁴, K. Hamacher¹⁷³, P. Hamal¹¹², M. Hamer⁵⁴, A. Hamilton^{144b,o}, S. Hamilton¹⁶⁰, H. Han^{32a}, L. Han^{32b}, K. Hanagaki¹¹⁵, K. Hanawa¹⁵⁹, M. Hance¹⁴, C. Handel⁸⁰, P. Hanke^{58a}, J.R. Hansen³⁵, J.B. Hansen³⁵, J.D. Hansen³⁵, P.H. Hansen³⁵, P. Hansson¹⁴², K. Hara¹⁵⁹, G.A. Hare¹³⁶, T. Harenberg¹⁷³, S. Harkusha⁸⁹, D. Harper⁸⁶, R.D. Harrington⁴⁵, O.M. Harris¹³⁷, K. Harrison¹⁷, J. Hartert⁴⁸, F. Hartjes¹⁰⁴, T. Haruyama⁶⁵, A. Harvey⁵⁶, S. Hasegawa¹⁰⁰, Y. Hasegawa¹³⁹, S. Hassani¹³⁵, M. Hatch²⁹, D. Hauff⁹⁸, S. Haug¹⁶, M. Hauschild²⁹, R. Hauser⁸⁷, M. Havranek²⁰, B.M. Hawes¹¹⁷, C.M. Hawkes¹⁷, R.J. Hawkings²⁹, A.D. Hawkins⁷⁸, D. Hawkins¹⁶², T. Hayakawa⁶⁶, T. Hayashi¹⁵⁹, D. Hayden⁷⁵, H.S. Hayward⁷², S.J. Haywood¹²⁸, E. Hazen²¹, M. He^{32d}, S.J. Head¹⁷, V. Hedberg⁷⁸, L. Heelan⁷, S. Heim⁸⁷, B. Heinemann¹⁴, S. Heisterkamp³⁵, L. Helary⁴, C. Heller⁹⁷, M. Heller²⁹, S. Hellman^{145a,145b}, D. Hellmich²⁰, C. Helsens¹¹, R.C.W. Henderson⁷⁰, M. Henke^{58a}, A. Henrichs⁵⁴, A.M. Henriques Correia²⁹, S. Henrot-Versille¹¹⁴, F. Henry-Couannier⁸², C. Hensel⁵⁴, T. Henß¹⁷³, C.M. Hernandez⁷, Y. Hernández Jiménez¹⁶⁶, R. Herrberg¹⁵, A.D. Hershenhorn¹⁵¹, G. Herten⁴⁸, R. Hertenberger⁹⁷, L. Hervas²⁹, G.G. Hesketh⁷⁶, N.P. Hessey¹⁰⁴, E. Higón-Rodriguez¹⁶⁶, D. Hill^{5,*}, J.C. Hill²⁷, N. Hill⁵, K.H. Hiller⁴¹, S. Hillert²⁰, S.J. Hillier¹⁷, I. Hinchliffe¹⁴, E. Hines¹¹⁹, M. Hirose¹¹⁵, F. Hirsch⁴², D. Hirschbuehl¹⁷³, J. Hobbs¹⁴⁷, N. Hod¹⁵², M.C. Hodgkinson¹³⁸, P. Hodgson¹³⁸, A. Hoecker²⁹, M.R. Hoefkamp¹⁰², J. Hoffman³⁹, D. Hoffmann⁸², M. Hohlfeld⁸⁰, M. Holder¹⁴⁰, S.O. Holmgren^{145a}, T. Holy¹²⁶, J.L. Holzbauer⁸⁷, Y. Homma⁶⁶, T.M. Hong¹¹⁹, L. Hooft van Huysduynen¹⁰⁷, T. Horazdovsky¹²⁶, C. Horn¹⁴², S. Horner⁴⁸, J.-Y. Hostachy⁵⁵, S. Hou¹⁵⁰, M.A. Houlden⁷², A. Hoummada^{134a}, J. Howarth⁸¹, D.F. Howell¹¹⁷, I. Hristova¹⁵, J. Hrivnac¹¹⁴, I. Hruska¹²⁴, T. Hryn'ova⁴, P.J. Hsu⁸⁰, S.-C. Hsu¹⁴, G.S. Huang¹¹⁰, Z. Hubacek¹²⁶, F. Hubaut⁸², F. Huegging²⁰, A. Huettmann⁴¹, T.B. Huffman¹¹⁷, E.W. Hughes³⁴, G. Hughes⁷⁰, R.E. Hughes-Jones⁸¹, M. Huhtinen²⁹, P. Hurst⁵⁷, M. Hurwitz¹⁴, U. Husemann⁴¹, N. Huseynov^{64,p}, J. Huston⁸⁷, J. Huth⁵⁷, G. Iacobucci⁴⁹, G. Iakovidis⁹, M. Ibbotson⁸¹, I. Ibragimov¹⁴⁰, R. Ichimiya⁶⁶, L. Iconomidou-Fayard¹¹⁴, J. Idarraga¹¹⁴, P. Iengo^{101a}, O. Igonkina¹⁰⁴, Y. Ikegami⁶⁵, M. Ikeno⁶⁵, Y. Ilchenko³⁹, D. Iliadis¹⁵³, N. Ilic¹⁵⁷, M. Imori¹⁵⁴, T. Ince²⁰, J. Inigo-Golfín²⁹, P. Ioannou⁸, M. Iodice^{133a}, V. Ippolito^{131a,131b}, A. Irles Quiles¹⁶⁶, C. Isaksson¹⁶⁵, A. Ishikawa⁶⁶, M. Ishino⁶⁷, R. Ishmukhametov³⁹, C. Issever¹¹⁷, S. Istin^{18a}, A.V. Ivashin¹²⁷, W. Iwanski³⁸, H. Iwasaki⁶⁵, J.M. Izen⁴⁰, V. Izzo^{101a}, B. Jackson¹¹⁹, J.N. Jackson⁷², P. Jackson¹⁴², M.R. Jaekel²⁹, V. Jain⁶⁰, K. Jakobs⁴⁸, S. Jakobsen³⁵, J. Jakubek¹²⁶, D.K. Jana¹¹⁰, E. Jankowski¹⁵⁷, E. Jansen⁷⁶, H. Jansen²⁹, A. Jantsch⁹⁸, M. Janus²⁰, G. Jarlskog⁷⁸, L. Jeanty⁵⁷, K. Jelen³⁷, I. Jen-La Plante³⁰, P. Jenni²⁹, A. Jeremie⁴, P. Jež³⁵, S. Jézéquel⁴, M.K. Jha^{19a}, H. Ji¹⁷¹, W. Ji⁸⁰, J. Jia¹⁴⁷, Y. Jiang^{32b}, M. Jimenez Belenguer⁴¹, G. Jin^{32b}, S. Jin^{32a}, O. Jinnouchi¹⁵⁶,

M.D. Joergensen³⁵, D. Joffe³⁹, L.G. Johansen¹³, M. Johansen^{145a,145b}, K.E. Johansson^{145a}, P. Johansson¹³⁸, S. Johnert⁴¹, K.A. Johns⁶, K. Jon-And^{145a,145b}, G. Jones¹¹⁷, R.W.L. Jones⁷⁰, T.W. Jones⁷⁶, T.J. Jones⁷², O. Jonsson²⁹, C. Joram²⁹, P.M. Jorge^{123a}, J. Joseph¹⁴, J. Jovicevic¹⁴⁶, T. Jovin^{12b}, X. Ju¹⁷¹, C.A. Jung⁴², R.M. Jungst²⁹, V. Juranek¹²⁴, P. Jussel⁶¹, A. Juste Rozas¹¹, V.V. Kabachenko¹²⁷, S. Kabana¹⁶, M. Kaci¹⁶⁶, A. Kaczmarzka³⁸, P. Kadlecik³⁵, M. Kado¹¹⁴, H. Kagan¹⁰⁸, M. Kagan⁵⁷, S. Kaiser⁹⁸, E. Kajomovitz¹⁵¹, S. Kalinin¹⁷³, L.V. Kalinovskaya⁶⁴, S. Kama³⁹, N. Kanaya¹⁵⁴, M. Kaneda²⁹, S. Kaneti²⁷, T. Kanno¹⁵⁶, V.A. Kantserov⁹⁵, J. Kanzaki⁶⁵, B. Kaplan¹⁷⁴, A. Kapliy³⁰, J. Kaplon²⁹, D. Kar⁴³, M. Karagounis²⁰, M. Karagoz¹¹⁷, M. Karnevskiy⁴¹, K. Karr⁵, V. Kartvelishvili⁷⁰, A.N. Karyukhin¹²⁷, L. Kashif¹⁷¹, G. Kasieczka^{58b}, R.D. Kass¹⁰⁸, A. Kastanas¹³, M. Kataoka⁴, Y. Kataoka¹⁵⁴, E. Katsoufis⁹, J. Katzy⁴¹, V. Kaushik⁶, K. Kawagoe⁶⁶, T. Kawamoto¹⁵⁴, G. Kawamura⁸⁰, M.S. Kayl¹⁰⁴, V.A. Kazanin¹⁰⁶, M.Y. Kazarinov⁶⁴, R. Keeler¹⁶⁸, R. Kehoe³⁹, M. Keil⁵⁴, G.D. Kekelidze⁶⁴, J. Kennedy⁹⁷, C.J. Kenney¹⁴², M. Kenyon⁵³, O. Kepka¹²⁴, N. Kerschen²⁹, B.P. Kerševan⁷³, S. Kersten¹⁷³, K. Kessoku¹⁵⁴, J. Keung¹⁵⁷, F. Khalil-zada¹⁰, H. Khandanyan¹⁶⁴, A. Khanov¹¹¹, D. Kharchenko⁶⁴, A. Khodinov⁹⁵, A.G. Kholodenko¹²⁷, A. Khomich^{58a}, T.J. Khoo²⁷, G. Khorauli²⁰, A. Khoroshilov¹⁷³, N. Khovanskiy⁶⁴, V. Khovanskiy⁹⁴, E. Khramov⁶⁴, J. Khubua^{51b}, H. Kim^{145a,145b}, M.S. Kim², S.H. Kim¹⁵⁹, N. Kimura¹⁶⁹, O. Kind¹⁵, B.T. King⁷², M. King⁶⁶, R.S.B. King¹¹⁷, J. Kirk¹²⁸, L.E. Kirsch²², A.E. Kiryunin⁹⁸, T. Kishimoto⁶⁶, D. Kisielewska³⁷, T. Kittelmann¹²², A.M. Kiver¹²⁷, E. Kladiva^{143b}, J. Klaiber-Lodewigs⁴², M. Klein⁷², U. Klein⁷², K. Kleinknecht⁸⁰, M. Klemetti⁸⁴, A. Klier¹⁷⁰, P. Klimek^{145a,145b}, A. Klimentov²⁴, R. Klingenberg⁴², J.A. Klinger⁸¹, E.B. Klinkby³⁵, T. Klioutchnikova²⁹, P.F. Klok¹⁰³, S. Klous¹⁰⁴, E.-E. Kluge^{58a}, T. Kluge⁷², P. Kluit¹⁰⁴, S. Kluth⁹⁸, N.S. Knecht¹⁵⁷, E. Kneringer⁶¹, J. Knobloch²⁹, E.B.F.G. Knoop⁸², A. Knue⁵⁴, B.R. Ko⁴⁴, T. Kobayashi¹⁵⁴, M. Kobel⁴³, M. Kocian¹⁴², P. Kodys¹²⁵, K. Köneke²⁹, A.C. König¹⁰³, S. Koenig⁸⁰, L. Köpke⁸⁰, F. Koetsveld¹⁰³, P. Koevesarki²⁰, T. Koffas²⁸, E. Koffeman¹⁰⁴, L.A. Kogan¹¹⁷, F. Kohn⁵⁴, Z. Kohout¹²⁶, T. Kohriki⁶⁵, T. Koi¹⁴², T. Kokott²⁰, G.M. Kolachev¹⁰⁶, H. Kolanoski¹⁵, V. Kolesnikov⁶⁴, I. Koletsou^{88a}, J. Koll⁸⁷, M. Kollefrath⁴⁸, S.D. Kolya⁸¹, A.A. Komar⁹³, Y. Komori¹⁵⁴, T. Kondo⁶⁵, T. Kono^{41,q}, A.I. Kononov⁴⁸, R. Konoplich^{107,r}, N. Konstantinidis⁷⁶, A. Kootz¹⁷³, S. Koperny³⁷, K. Korcyl³⁸, K. Kordas¹⁵³, V. Koreshev¹²⁷, A. Korn¹¹⁷, A. Korol¹⁰⁶, I. Korolkov¹¹, E.V. Korolkova¹³⁸, V.A. Korotkov¹²⁷, O. Kortner⁹⁸, S. Kortner⁹⁸, V.V. Kostyukhin²⁰, M.J. Kotamäki²⁹, S. Kotov⁹⁸, V.M. Kotov⁶⁴, A. Kotwal⁴⁴, C. Kourkoumelis⁸, V. Kouskoura¹⁵³, A. Koutsman^{158a}, R. Kowalewski¹⁶⁸, T.Z. Kowalski³⁷, W. Kozanecki¹³⁵, A.S. Kozhin¹²⁷, V. Kral¹²⁶, V.A. Kramarenko⁹⁶, G. Kramberger⁷³, M.W. Krasny⁷⁷, A. Krasznahorkay¹⁰⁷, J. Kraus⁸⁷, J.K. Kraus²⁰, A. Kreisel¹⁵², F. Krejci¹²⁶, J. Kretzschmar⁷², N. Krieger⁵⁴, P. Krieger¹⁵⁷, K. Kroeninger⁵⁴, H. Kroha⁹⁸, J. Kroll¹¹⁹, J. Kroseberg²⁰, J. Krstic^{12a}, U. Kruchonak⁶⁴, H. Krüger²⁰, T. Kruker¹⁶, N. Krumnack⁶³, Z.V. Krumshteyn⁶⁴, A. Kruth²⁰, T. Kubota⁸⁵, S. Kuday^{3a}, S. Kuehn⁴⁸, A. Kugel^{58c}, T. Kuhl⁴¹, D. Kuhn⁶¹, V. Kukhtin⁶⁴, Y. Kulchitsky⁸⁹, S. Kuleshov^{31b}, C. Kummer⁹⁷, M. Kuna⁷⁷, N. Kundu¹¹⁷, J. Kunkle¹¹⁹, A. Kupco¹²⁴, H. Kurashige⁶⁶, M. Kurata¹⁵⁹, Y.A. Kurochkin⁸⁹, V. Kus¹²⁴, E.S. Kuwertz¹⁴⁶, M. Kuze¹⁵⁶, J. Kvita¹⁴¹, R. Kwee¹⁵, A. La Rosa⁴⁹, L. La Rotonda^{36a,36b}, L. Labarga⁷⁹, J. Labbe⁴, S. Lablak^{134a}, C. Lacasta¹⁶⁶, F. Lacava^{131a,131b}, H. Lacker¹⁵, D. Lacour⁷⁷, V.R. Lacuesta¹⁶⁶, E. Ladygin⁶⁴, R. Lafaye⁴, B. Laforge⁷⁷, T. Lagouri⁷⁹, S. Lai⁴⁸, E. Laisne⁵⁵, M. Lamanna²⁹, C.L. Lampen⁶, W. Lampl⁶, E. Lancon¹³⁵, U. Landgraf⁴⁸, M.P.J. Landon⁷⁴, J.L. Lane⁸¹, C. Lange⁴¹, A.J. Lankford¹⁶², F. Lanni²⁴, K. Lantzsck¹⁷³, S. Laplace⁷⁷, C. Lapoire²⁰, J.F. Laporte¹³⁵, T. Lari^{88a}, A.V. Larionov¹²⁷, A. Larner¹¹⁷, C. Lasseur²⁹, M. Lassnig²⁹, P. Laurelli⁴⁷, V. Lavorini^{36a,36b}, W. Lavrijsen¹⁴, P. Laycock⁷², A.B. Lazarev⁶⁴, O. Le Dortz⁷⁷, E. Le Guirriec⁸², C. Le Maner¹⁵⁷, E. Le Menedeu⁹, C. Lebel⁹², T. LeCompte⁵, F. Ledroit-Guillon⁵⁵, H. Lee¹⁰⁴, J.S.H. Lee¹¹⁵, S.C. Lee¹⁵⁰, L. Lee¹⁷⁴, M. Lefebvre¹⁶⁸, M. Legendre¹³⁵, A. Leger⁴⁹, B.C. LeGeyt¹¹⁹, F. Legger⁹⁷, C. Leggett¹⁴, M. Lehmacher²⁰, G. Lehmann Miotto²⁹, X. Lei⁶, M.A.L. Leite^{23d}, R. Leitner¹²⁵, D. Lellouch¹⁷⁰, M. Leltchouk³⁴, B. Lemmer⁵⁴, V. Lendermann^{58a}, K.J.C. Leney^{144b}, T. Lenz¹⁰⁴, G. Lenzen¹⁷³, B. Lenzi²⁹, K. Leonhardt⁴³, S. Leontsinis⁹, C. Leroy⁹², J.-R. Lessard¹⁶⁸, J. Lesser^{145a}, C.G. Lester²⁷, A. Leung Fook Cheong¹⁷¹, J. Levêque⁴, D. Levin⁸⁶, L.J. Levinson¹⁷⁰, M.S. Levitski¹²⁷, A. Lewis¹¹⁷, G.H. Lewis¹⁰⁷, A.M. Leyko²⁰, M. Leyton¹⁵, B. Li⁸², H. Li^{171,s}, S. Li^{32b,t}, X. Li⁸⁶, Z. Liang^{117,u}, H. Liao³³, B. Liberti^{132a}, P. Lichard²⁹, M. Lichtnecker⁹⁷, K. Lie¹⁶⁴, W. Liebig¹³, R. Lifshitz¹⁵¹, C. Limbach²⁰, A. Limosani⁸⁵, M. Limper⁶², S.C. Lin^{150,v}, F. Linde¹⁰⁴, J.T. Linnemann⁸⁷, E. Lipeles¹¹⁹, L. Lipinsky¹²⁴, A. Lipniacka¹³, T.M. Liss¹⁶⁴, D. Lissauer²⁴, A. Lister⁴⁹, A.M. Litke¹³⁶, C. Liu²⁸, D. Liu¹⁵⁰, H. Liu⁸⁶, J.B. Liu⁸⁶, M. Liu^{32b}, Y. Liu^{32b},

M. Livan^{118a,118b}, S.S.A. Livermore¹¹⁷, A. Lleres⁵⁵, J. Llorente Merino⁷⁹, S.L. Lloyd⁷⁴, E. Lobodzinska⁴¹, P. Loch⁶, W.S. Lockman¹³⁶, T. Loddenkoetter²⁰, F.K. Loebinger⁸¹, A. Loginov¹⁷⁴, C.W. Loh¹⁶⁷, T. Lohse¹⁵, K. Lohwasser⁴⁸, M. Lokajicek¹²⁴, J. Loken¹¹⁷, V.P. Lombardo⁴, R.E. Long⁷⁰, L. Lopes^{123a}, D. Lopez Mateos⁵⁷, J. Lorenz⁹⁷, N. Lorenzo Martinez¹¹⁴, M. Losada¹⁶¹, P. Loscutoff¹⁴, F. Lo Sterzo^{131a,131b}, M.J. Losty^{158a}, X. Lou⁴⁰, A. Lounis¹¹⁴, K.F. Loureiro¹⁶¹, J. Love²¹, P.A. Love⁷⁰, A.J. Lowe^{142,e}, F. Lu^{32a}, H.J. Lubatti¹³⁷, C. Luci^{131a,131b}, A. Lucotte⁵⁵, A. Ludwig⁴³, D. Ludwig⁴¹, I. Ludwig⁴⁸, J. Ludwig⁴⁸, F. Luehring⁶⁰, G. Luijckx¹⁰⁴, D. Lumb⁴⁸, L. Luminari^{131a}, E. Lund¹¹⁶, B. Lund-Jensen¹⁴⁶, B. Lundberg⁷⁸, J. Lundberg^{145a,145b}, J. Lundquist³⁵, M. Lungwitz⁸⁰, G. Lutz⁹⁸, D. Lynn²⁴, J. Lys¹⁴, E. Lytken⁷⁸, H. Ma²⁴, L.L. Ma¹⁷¹, J.A. Macana Goia⁹², G. Maccarrone⁴⁷, A. Macchiolo⁹⁸, B. Maček⁷³, J. Machado Miguens^{123a}, R. Mackeprang³⁵, R.J. Madaras¹⁴, W.F. Mader⁴³, R. Maenner^{58c}, T. Maeno²⁴, P. Mättig¹⁷³, S. Mättig⁴¹, L. Magnoni²⁹, E. Magradze⁵⁴, Y. Mahalalel¹⁵², K. Mahboubi⁴⁸, G. Mahout¹⁷, C. Maiani^{131a,131b}, C. Maidantchik^{23a}, A. Maio^{123a,b}, S. Majewski²⁴, Y. Makida⁶⁵, N. Makovec¹¹⁴, P. Mal¹³⁵, B. Malaescu²⁹, Pa. Malecki³⁸, P. Malecki³⁸, V.P. Maleev¹²⁰, F. Malek⁵⁵, U. Mallik⁶², D. Malon⁵, C. Malone¹⁴², S. Maltezos⁹, V. Malyshev¹⁰⁶, S. Malyukov²⁹, R. Mameghani⁹⁷, J. Mamuzic^{12b}, A. Manabe⁶⁵, L. Mandelli^{88a}, I. Mandić⁷³, R. Mandrysch¹⁵, J. Maneira^{123a}, P.S. Mangeard⁸⁷, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho^{23a}, I.D. Manjavidze⁶⁴, A. Mann⁵⁴, P.M. Manning¹³⁶, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis⁸, B. Mansoulie¹³⁵, A. Manz⁹⁸, A. Mapelli²⁹, L. Mapelli²⁹, L. March⁷⁹, J.F. Marchand²⁸, F. Marchese^{132a,132b}, G. Marchiori⁷⁷, M. Marcisovsky¹²⁴, C.P. Marino¹⁶⁸, F. Marroquim^{23a}, R. Marshall⁸¹, Z. Marshall²⁹, F.K. Martens¹⁵⁷, S. Marti-Garcia¹⁶⁶, A.J. Martin¹⁷⁴, B. Martin²⁹, B. Martin⁸⁷, F.F. Martin¹¹⁹, J.P. Martin⁹², Ph. Martin⁵⁵, T.A. Martin¹⁷, V.J. Martin⁴⁵, B. Martin dit Latour⁴⁹, S. Martin-Haugh¹⁴⁸, M. Martinez¹¹, V. Martinez Outschoorn⁵⁷, A.C. Martyniuk¹⁶⁸, M. Marx⁸¹, F. Marzano^{131a}, A. Marzin¹¹⁰, L. Masetti⁸⁰, T. Mashimo¹⁵⁴, R. Mashinistov⁹³, J. Masik⁸¹, A.L. Maslennikov¹⁰⁶, I. Massa^{19a,19b}, G. Massaro¹⁰⁴, N. Massol⁴, P. Mastrandrea^{131a,131b}, A. Mastroberardino^{36a,36b}, T. Masubuchi¹⁵⁴, P. Matricon¹¹⁴, H. Matsumoto¹⁵⁴, H. Matsunaga¹⁵⁴, T. Matsushita⁶⁶, C. Mattravers^{117,c}, J.M. Maugain²⁹, J. Maurer⁸², S.J. Maxfield⁷², D.A. Maximov^{106,f}, E.N. May⁵, A. Mayne¹³⁸, R. Mazini¹⁵⁰, M. Mazur²⁰, M. Mazzanti^{88a}, S.P. Mc Kee⁸⁶, A. McCarn¹⁶⁴, R.L. McCarthy¹⁴⁷, T.G. McCarthy²⁸, N.A. McCubbin¹²⁸, K.W. McFarlane⁵⁶, J.A. Mcfayden¹³⁸, H. McGlone⁵³, G. Mchedlidze^{51b}, R.A. McLaren²⁹, T. McLaughlan¹⁷, S.J. McMahon¹²⁸, R.A. McPherson^{168,j}, A. Meade⁸³, J. Mechnich¹⁰⁴, M. Mechtel¹⁷³, M. Medinnis⁴¹, R. Meera-Lebbai¹¹⁰, T. Meguro¹¹⁵, R. Mehdiyev⁹², S. Mehlhase³⁵, A. Mehta⁷², K. Meier^{58a}, B. Meirose⁷⁸, C. Melachrinou³⁰, B.R. Mellado Garcia¹⁷¹, L. Mendoza Navas¹⁶¹, Z. Meng^{150,s}, A. Mengarelli^{19a,19b}, S. Menke⁹⁸, C. Menot²⁹, E. Meoni¹¹, K.M. Mercurio⁵⁷, P. Mermod⁴⁹, L. Merola^{101a,101b}, C. Meroni^{88a}, F.S. Merritt³⁰, H. Merritt¹⁰⁸, A. Messina²⁹, J. Metcalfe¹⁰², A.S. Mete⁶³, C. Meyer⁸⁰, C. Meyer³⁰, J-P. Meyer¹³⁵, J. Meyer¹⁷², J. Meyer⁵⁴, T.C. Meyer²⁹, W.T. Meyer⁶³, J. Miao^{32d}, S. Michal²⁹, L. Micu^{25a}, R.P. Middleton¹²⁸, S. Migas⁷², L. Mijović⁴¹, G. Mikenberg¹⁷⁰, M. Mikestikova¹²⁴, M. Mikuž⁷³, D.W. Miller³⁰, R.J. Miller⁸⁷, W.J. Mills¹⁶⁷, C. Mills⁵⁷, A. Milov¹⁷⁰, D.A. Milstead^{145a,145b}, D. Milstein¹⁷⁰, A.A. Minaenko¹²⁷, M. Miñano Moya¹⁶⁶, I.A. Minashvili⁶⁴, A.I. Mincer¹⁰⁷, B. Mindur³⁷, M. Mineev⁶⁴, Y. Ming¹⁷¹, L.M. Mir¹¹, G. Mirabelli^{131a}, L. Miralles Verge¹¹, A. Misiejuk⁷⁵, J. Mitrevski¹³⁶, G.Y. Mitrofanov¹²⁷, V.A. Mitsou¹⁶⁶, S. Mitsui⁶⁵, P.S. Miyagawa¹³⁸, K. Miyazaki⁶⁶, J.U. Mjörnmark⁷⁸, T. Moa^{145a,145b}, P. Mockett¹³⁷, S. Moed⁵⁷, V. Moeller²⁷, K. Mönig⁴¹, N. Möser²⁰, S. Mohapatra¹⁴⁷, W. Mohr⁴⁸, S. Mohr dieck-Möck⁹⁸, A.M. Moiseev^{127,*}, R. Moles-Valls¹⁶⁶, J. Molina-Perez²⁹, J. Monk⁷⁶, E. Monnier⁸², S. Montesano^{88a,88b}, F. Monticelli⁶⁹, S. Monzani^{19a,19b}, R.W. Moore², G.F. Moorhead⁸⁵, C. Mora Herrera⁴⁹, A. Moraes⁵³, N. Morange¹³⁵, J. Morel⁵⁴, G. Morello^{36a,36b}, D. Moreno⁸⁰, M. Moreno Llácer¹⁶⁶, P. Morettini^{50a}, M. Morgenstern⁴³, M. Morii⁵⁷, J. Morin⁷⁴, A.K. Morley²⁹, G. Mornacchi²⁹, S.V. Morozov⁹⁵, J.D. Morris⁷⁴, L. Morvaj¹⁰⁰, H.G. Moser⁹⁸, M. Mosidze^{51b}, J. Moss¹⁰⁸, R. Mount¹⁴², E. Mountricha^{9,w}, S.V. Mouraviev⁹³, E.J.W. Moyse⁸³, M. Mudrinic^{12b}, F. Mueller^{58a}, J. Mueller¹²², K. Mueller²⁰, T.A. Müller⁹⁷, T. Mueller⁸⁰, D. Muenstermann²⁹, A. Muir¹⁶⁷, Y. Munwes¹⁵², W.J. Murray¹²⁸, I. Mussche¹⁰⁴, E. Musto^{101a,101b}, A.G. Myagkov¹²⁷, M. Myska¹²⁴, J. Nadal¹¹, K. Nagai¹⁵⁹, K. Nagano⁶⁵, A. Nagarkar¹⁰⁸, Y. Nagasaka⁵⁹, M. Nagel⁹⁸, A.M. Nairz²⁹, Y. Nakahama²⁹, K. Nakamura¹⁵⁴, T. Nakamura¹⁵⁴, I. Nakano¹⁰⁹, G. Nanava²⁰, A. Napier¹⁶⁰, R. Narayan^{58b}, M. Nash^{76,c}, N.R. Nation²¹, T. Nattermann²⁰, T. Naumann⁴¹, G. Navarro¹⁶¹, H.A. Neal⁸⁶, E. Nebot⁷⁹, P.Yu. Nechaeva⁹³, T.J. Neep⁸¹, A. Negri^{118a,118b}, G. Negri²⁹, S. Nektarijevic⁴⁹, A. Nelson¹⁶², S. Nelson¹⁴²,

T.K. Nelson¹⁴², S. Nemecek¹²⁴, P. Nemethy¹⁰⁷, A.A. Nepomuceno^{23a}, M. Nessi^{29,x}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁶⁴, A. Neusiedl⁸⁰, R.M. Neves¹⁰⁷, P. Nevski²⁴, P.R. Newman¹⁷, V. Nguyen Thi Hong¹³⁵, R.B. Nickerson¹¹⁷, R. Nicolaidou¹³⁵, L. Nicolas¹³⁸, B. Nicquevert²⁹, F. Niedercorn¹¹⁴, J. Nielsen¹³⁶, T. Niinikoski²⁹, N. Nikiforou³⁴, A. Nikiforov¹⁵, V. Nikolaenko¹²⁷, K. Nikolaev⁶⁴, I. Nikolic-Audit⁷⁷, K. Nikolics⁴⁹, K. Nikolopoulos²⁴, H. Nilsen⁴⁸, P. Nilsson⁷, Y. Ninomiya¹⁵⁴, A. Nisati^{131a}, T. Nishiyama⁶⁶, R. Nisius⁹⁸, L. Nodulman⁵, M. Nomachi¹¹⁵, I. Nomidis¹⁵³, M. Nordberg²⁹, B. Nordkvist^{145a,145b}, P.R. Norton¹²⁸, J. Novakova¹²⁵, M. Nozaki⁶⁵, L. Nozka¹¹², I.M. Nugent^{158a}, A.-E. Nuncio-Quiroz²⁰, G. Nunes Hanninger⁸⁵, T. Nunnemann⁹⁷, E. Nurse⁷⁶, B.J. O'Brien⁴⁵, S.W. O'Neale^{17,*}, D.C. O'Neil¹⁴¹, V. O'Shea⁵³, L.B. Oakes⁹⁷, F.G. Oakham^{28,d}, H. Oberlack⁹⁸, J. Ocariz⁷⁷, A. Ochi⁶⁶, S. Oda¹⁵⁴, S. Odaka⁶⁵, J. Odier⁸², H. Ogren⁶⁰, A. Oh⁸¹, S.H. Oh⁴⁴, C.C. Ohm^{145a,145b}, T. Ohshima¹⁰⁰, H. Ohshita¹³⁹, T. Ohsugi¹⁷⁷, S. Okada⁶⁶, H. Okawa¹⁶², Y. Okumura¹⁰⁰, T. Okuyama¹⁵⁴, A. Olariu^{25a}, M. Olcese^{50a}, A.G. Olchevski⁶⁴, S.A. Olivares Pino^{31a}, M. Oliveira^{123a,h}, D. Oliveira Damazio²⁴, E. Oliver Garcia¹⁶⁶, D. Olivito¹¹⁹, A. Olszewski³⁸, J. Olszowska³⁸, C. Omachi⁶⁶, A. Onofre^{123a,y}, P.U.E. Onyisi³⁰, C.J. Oram^{158a}, M.J. Oreglia³⁰, Y. Oren¹⁵², D. Orestano^{133a,133b}, I. Orlov¹⁰⁶, C. Oropeza Barrera⁵³, R.S. Orr¹⁵⁷, B. Osculati^{50a,50b}, R. Ospanov¹¹⁹, C. Osuna¹¹, G. Otero y Garzon²⁶, J.P. Ottersbach¹⁰⁴, M. Ouchrif^{134d}, E.A. Ouellette¹⁶⁸, F. Ould-Saada¹¹⁶, A. Ouraou¹³⁵, Q. Ouyang^{32a}, A. Ovcharova¹⁴, M. Owen⁸¹, S. Owen¹³⁸, V.E. Ozcan^{18a}, N. Ozturk⁷, A. Pacheco Pages¹¹, C. Padilla Aranda¹¹, S. Pagan Griso¹⁴, E. Paganis¹³⁸, F. Paige²⁴, P. Pais⁸³, K. Pajchel¹¹⁶, G. Palacino^{158b}, C.P. Paleari⁶, S. Palestini²⁹, D. Pallin³³, A. Palma^{123a}, J.D. Palmer¹⁷, Y.B. Pan¹⁷¹, E. Panagiotopoulou⁹, B. Panes^{31a}, N. Panikashvili⁸⁶, S. Panitkin²⁴, D. Pantea^{25a}, M. Panuskova¹²⁴, V. Paolone¹²², A. Papadelis^{145a}, Th.D. Papadopoulou⁹, A. Paramonov⁵, D. Paredes Hernandez³³, W. Park^{24,z}, M.A. Parker²⁷, F. Parodi^{50a,50b}, J.A. Parsons³⁴, U. Parzefall⁴⁸, E. Pasqualucci^{131a}, S. Passaggio^{50a}, A. Passeri^{133a}, F. Pastore^{133a,133b}, Fr. Pastore⁷⁵, G. Pásztor^{49,aa}, S. Pataria¹⁷³, N. Patel¹⁴⁹, J.R. Pater⁸¹, S. Patricelli^{101a,101b}, T. Pauly²⁹, M. Pecsny^{143a}, M.I. Pedraza Morales¹⁷¹, S.V. Peleganchuk¹⁰⁶, H. Peng^{32b}, R. Pengo²⁹, B. Penning³⁰, A. Penson³⁴, J. Penwell⁶⁰, M. Perantoni^{23a}, K. Perez^{34,ab}, T. Perez Cavalcanti⁴¹, E. Perez Codina¹¹, M.T. Pérez García-Están¹⁶⁶, V. Perez Reale³⁴, L. Perini^{88a,88b}, H. Pernegger²⁹, R. Perrino^{71a}, P. Perrodo⁴, S. Persema^{3a}, A. Perus¹¹⁴, V.D. Peshekhonov⁶⁴, K. Peters²⁹, B.A. Petersen²⁹, J. Petersen²⁹, T.C. Petersen³⁵, E. Petit⁴, A. Petridis¹⁵³, C. Petridou¹⁵³, E. Petrolo^{131a}, F. Petrucci^{133a,133b}, D. Petschull⁴¹, M. Petteni¹⁴¹, R. Pezoa^{31b}, A. Phan⁸⁵, P.W. Phillips¹²⁸, G. Piacquadio²⁹, A. Picazio⁴⁹, E. Piccaro⁷⁴, M. Piccinini^{19a,19b}, S.M. Piec⁴¹, R. Piegai²⁶, D.T. Pignotti¹⁰⁸, J.E. Pilcher³⁰, A.D. Pilkington⁸¹, J. Pina^{123a,b}, M. Pinamonti^{163a,163c}, A. Pinder¹¹⁷, J.L. Pinfold², J. Ping^{32c}, B. Pinto^{123a}, O. Pirotte²⁹, C. Pizio^{88a,88b}, M. Plamondon¹⁶⁸, M.-A. Pleier²⁴, A.V. Pleskach¹²⁷, A. Poblaguev²⁴, S. Poddar^{58a}, F. Podlyski³³, L. Poggioli¹¹⁴, T. Poghosyan²⁰, M. Pohl⁴⁹, F. Polci⁵⁵, G. Polesello^{118a}, A. Policicchio^{36a,36b}, A. Polini^{19a}, J. Poll⁷⁴, V. Polychronakos²⁴, D.M. Pomarede¹³⁵, D. Pomeroy²², K. Pommès²⁹, L. Pontecorvo^{131a}, B.G. Pope⁸⁷, G.A. Popeneciu^{25a}, D.S. Popovic^{12a}, A. Poppleton²⁹, X. Portell Bueso²⁹, C. Posch²¹, G.E. Pospelov⁹⁸, S. Pospisil¹²⁶, I.N. Potrap⁹⁸, C.J. Potter¹⁴⁸, C.T. Potter¹¹³, G. Poulard²⁹, J. Poveda¹⁷¹, V. Pozdnyakov⁶⁴, R. Prabhu⁷⁶, P. Pralavorio⁸², A. Pranko¹⁴, S. Prasad²⁹, R. Pravahan⁷, S. Prell⁶³, K. Pretzl¹⁶, L. Pribyl²⁹, D. Price⁶⁰, J. Price⁷², L.E. Price⁵, M.J. Price²⁹, D. Prieur¹²², M. Primavera^{71a}, K. Prokofiev¹⁰⁷, F. Prokoshin^{31b}, S. Protopopescu²⁴, J. Proudfoot⁵, X. Prudent⁴³, M. Przybycien³⁷, H. Przysiezniak⁴, S. Psoroulas²⁰, E. Ptacek¹¹³, E. Pueschel⁸³, J. Purdham⁸⁶, M. Purohit^{24,z}, P. Puzo¹¹⁴, Y. Pylypchenko⁶², J. Qian⁸⁶, Z. Qian⁸², Z. Qin⁴¹, A. Quadt⁵⁴, D.R. Quarrie¹⁴, W.B. Quayle¹⁷¹, F. Quinonez^{31a}, M. Raas¹⁰³, V. Radescu^{58b}, B. Radics²⁰, P. Radloff¹¹³, T. Rador^{18a}, F. Ragusa^{88a,88b}, G. Rahal¹⁷⁶, A.M. Rahimi¹⁰⁸, D. Rahm²⁴, S. Rajagopalan²⁴, M. Rammensee⁴⁸, M. Rammes¹⁴⁰, A.S. Randle-Conde³⁹, K. Randrianarivony²⁸, P.N. Ratoff⁷⁰, F. Rauscher⁹⁷, T.C. Rave⁴⁸, M. Raymond²⁹, A.L. Read¹¹⁶, D.M. Rebuzzi^{118a,118b}, A. Redelbach¹⁷², G. Redlinger²⁴, R. Reece¹¹⁹, K. Reeves⁴⁰, A. Reichold¹⁰⁴, E. Reinherz-Aronis¹⁵², A. Reinsch¹¹³, I. Reisinger⁴², C. Rembser²⁹, Z.L. Ren¹⁵⁰, A. Renaud¹¹⁴, M. Rescigno^{131a}, S. Resconi^{88a}, B. Resende¹³⁵, P. Reznicek⁹⁷, R. Rezvani¹⁵⁷, A. Richards⁷⁶, R. Richter⁹⁸, E. Richter-Was^{4,ac}, M. Ridel⁷⁷, M. Rijpstra¹⁰⁴, M. Rijssenbeek¹⁴⁷, A. Rimoldi^{118a,118b}, L. Rinaldi^{19a}, R.R. Rios³⁹, I. Riu¹¹, G. Rivoltella^{88a,88b}, F. Rizatdinova¹¹¹, E. Rizvi⁷⁴, S.H. Robertson^{84,j}, A. Robichaud-Veronneau¹¹⁷, D. Robinson²⁷, J.E.M. Robinson⁷⁶, A. Robson⁵³, J.G. Rocha de Lima¹⁰⁵, C. Roda^{121a,121b}, D. Roda Dos Santos²⁹, D. Rodriguez¹⁶¹, A. Roe⁵⁴, S. Roe²⁹, O. Røhne¹¹⁶, V. Rojo¹,

S. Rolli¹⁶⁰, A. Romaniouk⁹⁵, M. Romano^{19a,19b}, V.M. Romanov⁶⁴, G. Romeo²⁶, E. Romero Adam¹⁶⁶, L. Roos⁷⁷, E. Ros¹⁶⁶, S. Rosati^{131a}, K. Rosbach⁴⁹, A. Rose¹⁴⁸, M. Rose⁷⁵, G.A. Rosenbaum¹⁵⁷, E.I. Rosenberg⁶³, P.L. Rosendahl¹³, O. Rosenthal¹⁴⁰, L. Rossetlet⁴⁹, V. Rossetti¹¹, E. Rossi^{131a,131b}, L.P. Rossi^{50a}, M. Rotaru^{25a}, I. Roth¹⁷⁰, J. Rothberg¹³⁷, D. Rousseau¹¹⁴, C.R. Royon¹³⁵, A. Rozanov⁸², Y. Rozen¹⁵¹, X. Ruan^{32a,ad}, I. Rubinskiy⁴¹, B. Ruckert⁹⁷, N. Ruckstuhl¹⁰⁴, V.I. Rud⁹⁶, C. Rudolph⁴³, G. Rudolph⁶¹, F. Rühr⁶, F. Ruggieri^{133a,133b}, A. Ruiz-Martinez⁶³, V. Rumiantsev^{90,*}, L. Rummyantsev⁶⁴, K. Runge⁴⁸, Z. Rurikova⁴⁸, N.A. Rusakovich⁶⁴, J.P. Rutherford⁶, C. Ruwiedel¹⁴, P. Ruzicka¹²⁴, Y.F. Ryabov¹²⁰, V. Ryadovikov¹²⁷, P. Ryan⁸⁷, M. Rybar¹²⁵, G. Rybkin¹¹⁴, N.C. Ryder¹¹⁷, S. Rzaeva¹⁰, A.F. Saavedra¹⁴⁹, I. Sadeh¹⁵², H.F.-W. Sadrozinski¹³⁶, R. Sadykov⁶⁴, F. Safai Tehrani^{131a}, H. Sakamoto¹⁵⁴, G. Salamanna⁷⁴, A. Salamon^{132a}, M. Saleem¹¹⁰, D. Salihagic⁹⁸, A. Salnikov¹⁴², J. Salt¹⁶⁶, B.M. Salvachua Ferrando⁵, D. Salvatore^{36a,36b}, F. Salvatore¹⁴⁸, A. Salvucci¹⁰³, A. Salzburger²⁹, D. Sampsonidis¹⁵³, B.H. Samset¹¹⁶, A. Sanchez^{101a,101b}, V. Sanchez Martinez¹⁶⁶, H. Sandaker¹³, H.G. Sander⁸⁰, M.P. Sanders⁹⁷, M. Sandhoff¹⁷³, T. Sandoval²⁷, C. Sandoval¹⁶¹, R. Sandstroem⁹⁸, S. Sandvoss¹⁷³, D.P.C. Sankey¹²⁸, A. Sansoni⁴⁷, C. Santamarina Rios⁸⁴, C. Santoni³³, R. Santonico^{132a,132b}, H. Santos^{123a}, J.G. Saraiva^{123a}, T. Sarangi¹⁷¹, E. Sarkisyan-Grinbaum⁷, F. Sarri^{121a,121b}, G. Sartisohn¹⁷³, O. Sasaki⁶⁵, N. Sasao⁶⁷, I. Satsounkevitch⁸⁹, G. Sauvage⁴, E. Sauvan⁴, J.B. Sauvan¹¹⁴, P. Savard^{157,d}, V. Savinov¹²², D.O. Savu²⁹, L. Sawyer^{24,l}, D.H. Saxon⁵³, L.P. Says³³, C. Sbarra^{19a}, A. Sbrizzi^{19a,19b}, O. Scallan⁹², D.A. Scannicchio¹⁶², M. Scarcella¹⁴⁹, J. Schaarschmidt¹¹⁴, P. Schacht⁹⁸, U. Schäfer⁸⁰, S. Schaepe²⁰, S. Schaezel^{58b}, A.C. Schaffer¹¹⁴, D. Schaile⁹⁷, R.D. Schamberger¹⁴⁷, A.G. Schamov¹⁰⁶, V. Scharf^{58a}, V.A. Schegelsky¹²⁰, D. Scheirich⁸⁶, M. Schernau¹⁶², M.I. Scherzer³⁴, C. Schiavi^{50a,50b}, J. Schieck⁹⁷, M. Schioppa^{36a,36b}, S. Schlenker²⁹, J.L. Schlereth⁵, E. Schmidt⁴⁸, K. Schmieden²⁰, C. Schmitt⁸⁰, S. Schmitt^{58b}, M. Schmitz²⁰, A. Schöning^{58b}, M. Schott²⁹, D. Schouten^{158a}, J. Schovancova¹²⁴, M. Schram⁸⁴, C. Schroeder⁸⁰, N. Schroer^{58c}, G. Schuler²⁹, M.J. Schultens²⁰, J. Schultes¹⁷³, H.-C. Schultz-Coulon^{58a}, H. Schulz¹⁵, J.W. Schumacher²⁰, M. Schumacher⁴⁸, B.A. Schumm¹³⁶, Ph. Schune¹³⁵, C. Schwanenberger⁸¹, A. Schwartzman¹⁴², Ph. Schwemling⁷⁷, R. Schwienhorst⁸⁷, R. Schwierz⁴³, J. Schwindling¹³⁵, T. Schwindt²⁰, M. Schwoerer⁴, W.G. Scott¹²⁸, J. Searcy¹¹³, G. Sedov⁴¹, E. Sedykh¹²⁰, E. Segura¹¹, S.C. Seidel¹⁰², A. Seiden¹³⁶, F. Seifert⁴³, J.M. Seixas^{23a}, G. Sekhniaidze^{101a}, K.E. Selbach⁴⁵, D.M. Seliverstov¹²⁰, B. Sellden^{145a}, G. Sellers⁷², M. Seman^{143b}, N. Semprini-Cesari^{19a,19b}, C. Serfon⁹⁷, L. Serin¹¹⁴, L. Serkin⁵⁴, R. Seuster⁹⁸, H. Severini¹¹⁰, M.E. Sevier⁸⁵, A. Sfyrla²⁹, E. Shabalina⁵⁴, M. Shamim¹¹³, L.Y. Shan^{32a}, J.T. Shank²¹, Q.T. Shao⁸⁵, M. Shapiro¹⁴, P.B. Shatalov⁹⁴, L. Shaver⁶, K. Shaw^{163a,163c}, D. Sherman¹⁷⁴, P. Sherwood⁷⁶, A. Shibata¹⁰⁷, H. Shichi¹⁰⁰, S. Shimizu²⁹, M. Shimojima⁹⁹, T. Shin⁵⁶, M. Shiyakova⁶⁴, A. Shmeleva⁹³, M.J. Shochet³⁰, D. Short¹¹⁷, S. Shrestha⁶³, E. Shulga⁹⁵, M.A. Shupe⁶, P. Sicho¹²⁴, A. Sidoti^{131a}, F. Siegert⁴⁸, Dj. Sijacki^{12a}, O. Silbert¹⁷⁰, J. Silva^{123a}, Y. Silver¹⁵², D. Silverstein¹⁴², S.B. Silverstein^{145a}, V. Simak¹²⁶, O. Simard¹³⁵, Lj. Simic^{12a}, S. Simion¹¹⁴, B. Simmons⁷⁶, M. Simonyan³⁵, P. Sinervo¹⁵⁷, N.B. Sinev¹¹³, V. Sipica¹⁴⁰, G. Siragusa¹⁷², A. Sircar²⁴, A.N. Sisakyan⁶⁴, S.Yu. Sivoklov⁹⁶, J. Sjölin^{145a,145b}, T.B. Sjaursen¹³, L.A. Skinnari¹⁴, H.P. Skottowe⁵⁷, K. Skovpen¹⁰⁶, P. Skubic¹¹⁰, N. Skvorodnev²², M. Slater¹⁷, T. Slavicek¹²⁶, K. Sliwa¹⁶⁰, J. Sloper²⁹, V. Smakhtin¹⁷⁰, B.H. Smart⁴⁵, S.Yu. Smirnov⁹⁵, Y. Smirnov⁹⁵, L.N. Smirnova⁹⁶, O. Smirnova⁷⁸, B.C. Smith⁵⁷, D. Smith¹⁴², K.M. Smith⁵³, M. Smizanska⁷⁰, K. Smolek¹²⁶, A.A. Snesarev⁹³, S.W. Snow⁸¹, J. Snow¹¹⁰, J. Snuverink¹⁰⁴, S. Snyder²⁴, M. Soares^{123a}, R. Sobie^{168,j}, J. Sodomka¹²⁶, A. Soffer¹⁵², C.A. Solans¹⁶⁶, M. Solar¹²⁶, J. Solc¹²⁶, E. Soldatov⁹⁵, U. Soldevila¹⁶⁶, E. Solfaroli Camillocci^{131a,131b}, A.A. Solodkov¹²⁷, O.V. Solovyanov¹²⁷, N. Soni², V. Sopko¹²⁶, B. Sopko¹²⁶, M. Sosebee⁷, R. Soualah^{163a,163c}, A. Soukharev¹⁰⁶, S. Spagnolo^{71a,71b}, F. Spanò⁷⁵, R. Spighi^{19a}, G. Spigo²⁹, F. Spila^{131a,131b}, R. Spiwoks²⁹, M. Spousta¹²⁵, T. Spreitzer¹⁵⁷, B. Spurlock⁷, R.D. St. Denis⁵³, J. Stahlman¹¹⁹, R. Stamen^{58a}, E. Stanecka³⁸, R.W. Stanek⁵, C. Stancu^{133a}, S. Stapnes¹¹⁶, E.A. Starchenko¹²⁷, J. Stark⁵⁵, P. Staroba¹²⁴, P. Starovoitov⁹⁰, A. Staude⁹⁷, P. Stavina^{143a}, G. Steele⁵³, P. Steinbach⁴³, P. Steinberg²⁴, I. Stekl¹²⁶, B. Stelzer¹⁴¹, H.J. Stelzer⁸⁷, O. Stelzer-Chilton^{158a}, H. Stenzel⁵², S. Stern⁹⁸, K. Stevenson⁷⁴, G.A. Stewart²⁹, J.A. Stillings²⁰, M.C. Stockton⁸⁴, K. Stoerig⁴⁸, G. Stoicea^{25a}, S. Stonjek⁹⁸, P. Strachota¹²⁵, A.R. Stradling⁷, A. Straessner⁴³, J. Strandberg¹⁴⁶, S. Strandberg^{145a,145b}, A. Strandlie¹¹⁶, M. Strang¹⁰⁸, E. Strauss¹⁴², M. Strauss¹¹⁰, P. Strizenec^{143b}, R. Ströhmer¹⁷², D.M. Strom¹¹³, J.A. Strong^{75,*}, R. Stroynowski³⁹, J. Strube¹²⁸, B. Stugu¹³, I. Stumer^{24,*}, J. Stupak¹⁴⁷, P. Sturm¹⁷³, N.A. Styles⁴¹,

D.A. Soh^{150,u}, D. Su¹⁴², H.S. Subramania², A. Succurro¹¹, Y. Sugaya¹¹⁵, T. Sugimoto¹⁰⁰, C. Suhr¹⁰⁵, K. Suita⁶⁶, M. Suk¹²⁵, V.V. Sulin⁹³, S. Sultansoy^{3d}, T. Sumida⁶⁷, X. Sun⁵⁵, J.E. Sundermann⁴⁸, K. Suruliz¹³⁸, S. Sushkov¹¹, G. Susinno^{36a,36b}, M.R. Sutton¹⁴⁸, Y. Suzuki⁶⁵, Y. Suzuki⁶⁶, M. Svatos¹²⁴, Yu.M. Sviridov¹²⁷, S. Swedish¹⁶⁷, I. Sykora^{143a}, T. Sykora¹²⁵, B. Szeless²⁹, J. Sánchez¹⁶⁶, D. Ta¹⁰⁴, K. Tackmann⁴¹, A. Taffard¹⁶², R. Tafiout^{158a}, N. Taiblum¹⁵², Y. Takahashi¹⁰⁰, H. Takai²⁴, R. Takashima⁶⁸, H. Takeda⁶⁶, T. Takeshita¹³⁹, Y. Takubo⁶⁵, M. Talby⁸², A. Talyshev^{106,f}, M.C. Tamsett²⁴, J. Tanaka¹⁵⁴, R. Tanaka¹¹⁴, S. Tanaka¹³⁰, S. Tanaka⁶⁵, Y. Tanaka⁹⁹, A.J. Tanasijczuk¹⁴¹, K. Tani⁶⁶, N. Tannoury⁸², G.P. Tappern²⁹, S. Tapprogge⁸⁰, D. Tardif¹⁵⁷, S. Tarem¹⁵¹, F. Tarrade²⁸, G.F. Tartarelli^{88a}, P. Tas¹²⁵, M. Tasevsky¹²⁴, E. Tassi^{36a,36b}, M. Tatarkhanov¹⁴, Y. Tayalati^{134d}, C. Taylor⁷⁶, F.E. Taylor⁹¹, G.N. Taylor⁸⁵, W. Taylor^{158b}, M. Teinturier¹¹⁴, M. Teixeira Dias Castanheira⁷⁴, P. Teixeira-Dias⁷⁵, K.K. Temming⁴⁸, H. Ten Kate²⁹, P.K. Teng¹⁵⁰, S. Terada⁶⁵, K. Terashi¹⁵⁴, J. Terron⁷⁹, M. Testa⁴⁷, R.J. Teuscher^{157,j}, J. Thadome¹⁷³, J. Therhaag²⁰, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer⁷⁷, M. Thioye¹⁷⁴, S. Thoma⁴⁸, J.P. Thomas¹⁷, E.N. Thompson³⁴, P.D. Thompson¹⁷, P.D. Thompson¹⁵⁷, A.S. Thompson⁵³, L.A. Thomsen³⁵, E. Thomson¹¹⁹, M. Thomson²⁷, R.P. Thun⁸⁶, F. Tian³⁴, M.J. Tibbetts¹⁴, T. Tic¹²⁴, V.O. Tikhomirov⁹³, Y.A. Tikhonov^{106,f}, S. Timoshenko⁹⁵, P. Tipton¹⁷⁴, F.J. Tique Aires Viegas²⁹, S. Tisserant⁸², B. Toczec³⁷, T. Todorov⁴, S. Todorova-Nova¹⁶⁰, B. Toggerson¹⁶², J. Tojo⁶⁵, S. Tokár^{143a}, K. Tokunaga⁶⁶, K. Tokushuku⁶⁵, K. Tollefson⁸⁷, M. Tomoto¹⁰⁰, L. Tompkins³⁰, K. Toms¹⁰², G. Tong^{32a}, A. Tonoyan¹³, C. Topfel¹⁶, N.D. Topilin⁶⁴, I. Torchiani²⁹, E. Torrence¹¹³, H. Torres⁷⁷, E. Torró Pastor¹⁶⁶, J. Toth^{82,aa}, F. Touchard⁸², D.R. Tovey¹³⁸, T. Trefzger¹⁷², L. Tremblet²⁹, A. Tricoli²⁹, I.M. Trigger^{158a}, S. Trincaz-Duvoid⁷⁷, T.N. Trinh⁷⁷, M.F. Tripiana⁶⁹, W. Trischuk¹⁵⁷, A. Trivedi^{24,z}, B. Trocmé⁵⁵, C. Troncon^{88a}, M. Trotter-McDonald¹⁴¹, M. Trzebinski³⁸, A. Trzupek³⁸, C. Tsarouchas²⁹, J.C.-L. Tseng¹¹⁷, M. Tsiakiris¹⁰⁴, P.V. Tsiareshka⁸⁹, D. Tsionou^{4,ae}, G. Tsiopolitis⁹, V. Tsiskaridze⁴⁸, E.G. Tskhadadze^{51a}, I.I. Tsukerman⁹⁴, V. Tsulaia¹⁴, J.-W. Tsung²⁰, S. Tsuno⁶⁵, D. Tsybychev¹⁴⁷, A. Tua¹³⁸, A. Tudorache^{25a}, V. Tudorache^{25a}, J.M. Tuggle³⁰, M. Turala³⁸, D. Turecek¹²⁶, I. Turk Cakir^{3e}, E. Turlay¹⁰⁴, R. Turra^{88a,88b}, P.M. Tuts³⁴, A. Tykhonov⁷³, M. Tylmad^{145a,145b}, M. Tyndel¹²⁸, G. Tzanakos⁸, K. Uchida²⁰, I. Ueda¹⁵⁴, R. Ueno²⁸, M. Ugland¹³, M. Uhlenbrock²⁰, M. Uhrmacher⁵⁴, F. Ukegawa¹⁵⁹, G. Unal²⁹, D.G. Underwood⁵, A. Undrus²⁴, G. Unel¹⁶², Y. Unno⁶⁵, D. Urbaniec³⁴, G. Usai⁷, M. Uslenghi^{118a,118b}, L. Vacavant⁸², V. Vacek¹²⁶, B. Vachon⁸⁴, S. Vahsen¹⁴, J. Valenta¹²⁴, P. Valente^{131a}, S. Valentinetti^{19a,19b}, S. Valkar¹²⁵, E. Valladolid Gallego¹⁶⁶, S. Vallecorsa¹⁵¹, J.A. Valls Ferrer¹⁶⁶, H. van der Graaf¹⁰⁴, E. van der Kraaij¹⁰⁴, R. Van Der Leeuw¹⁰⁴, E. van der Poel¹⁰⁴, D. van der Ster²⁹, N. van Eldik⁸³, P. van Gemmeren⁵, Z. van Kesteren¹⁰⁴, I. van Vulpen¹⁰⁴, M. Vanadia⁹⁸, W. Vandelli²⁹, G. Vandoni²⁹, A. Vaniachine⁵, P. Vankov⁴¹, F. Vannucci⁷⁷, F. Varela Rodriguez²⁹, R. Vari^{131a}, E.W. Varnes⁶, D. Varouchas¹⁴, A. Vartapetian⁷, K.E. Varvell¹⁴⁹, V.I. Vassilakopoulos⁵⁶, F. Vazeille³³, T. Vazquez Schroeder⁵⁴, G. Vegni^{88a,88b}, J.J. Veillet¹¹⁴, C. Vellidis⁸, F. Veloso^{123a}, R. Veness²⁹, S. Veneziano^{131a}, A. Ventura^{71a,71b}, D. Ventura¹³⁷, M. Venturi⁴⁸, N. Venturi¹⁵⁷, V. Vercesi^{118a}, M. Verducci¹³⁷, W. Verkerke¹⁰⁴, J.C. Vermeulen¹⁰⁴, A. Vest⁴³, M.C. Vetterli^{141,d}, I. Vichou¹⁶⁴, T. Vickey^{144b,af}, O.E. Vickey Boeriu^{144b}, G.H.A. Viehhauser¹¹⁷, S. Viel¹⁶⁷, M. Villa^{19a,19b}, M. Villaplana Perez¹⁶⁶, E. Vilucchi⁴⁷, M.G. Vinciter²⁸, E. Vinek²⁹, V.B. Vinogradov⁶⁴, M. Virchaux^{135,*}, J. Virzi¹⁴, O. Vitells¹⁷⁰, M. Viti⁴¹, I. Vivarelli⁴⁸, F. Vives Vaque², S. Vlachos⁹, D. Vladoiu⁹⁷, M. Vlasak¹²⁶, N. Vlasov²⁰, A. Vogel²⁰, P. Vokac¹²⁶, G. Volpi⁴⁷, M. Volpi⁸⁵, G. Volpini^{88a}, H. von der Schmitt⁹⁸, J. von Loeben⁹⁸, H. von Radziewski⁴⁸, E. von Toerne²⁰, V. Vorobel¹²⁵, A.P. Vorobiev¹²⁷, V. Vorwerk¹¹, M. Vos¹⁶⁶, R. Voss²⁹, T.T. Voss¹⁷³, J.H. Vosseveld⁷², N. Vranjes¹³⁵, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic¹⁰⁴, V. Vrba¹²⁴, M. Vreeswijk¹⁰⁴, T. Vu Anh⁴⁸, R. Vuillermet²⁹, I. Vukotic¹¹⁴, W. Wagner¹⁷³, P. Wagner¹¹⁹, H. Wahlen¹⁷³, J. Wakabayashi¹⁰⁰, J. Walbersloh⁴², S. Walch⁸⁶, J. Walder⁷⁰, R. Walker⁹⁷, W. Walkowiak¹⁴⁰, R. Wall¹⁷⁴, P. Waller⁷², C. Wang⁴⁴, H. Wang¹⁷¹, H. Wang^{32b,ag}, J. Wang¹⁵⁰, J. Wang⁵⁵, J.C. Wang¹³⁷, R. Wang¹⁰², S.M. Wang¹⁵⁰, A. Warburton⁸⁴, C.P. Ward²⁷, M. Warsinsky⁴⁸, P.M. Watkins¹⁷, A.T. Watson¹⁷, I.J. Watson¹⁴⁹, M.F. Watson¹⁷, G. Watts¹³⁷, S. Watts⁸¹, A.T. Waugh¹⁴⁹, B.M. Waugh⁷⁶, M. Weber¹²⁸, M.S. Weber¹⁶, P. Weber⁵⁴, A.R. Weidberg¹¹⁷, P. Weigell⁹⁸, J. Weingarten⁵⁴, C. Weiser⁴⁸, H. Wellenstein²², P.S. Wells²⁹, T. Wenaus²⁴, D. Wendland¹⁵, S. Wendler¹²², Z. Weng^{150,u}, T. Wengler²⁹, S. Wenig²⁹, N. Vermes²⁰, M. Werner⁴⁸, P. Werner²⁹, M. Werth¹⁶², M. Wessels^{58a}, C. Weydert⁵⁵, K. Whalen²⁸, S.J. Wheeler-Ellis¹⁶², S.P. Whitaker²¹, A. White⁷, M.J. White⁸⁵, S.R. Whitehead¹¹⁷, D. Whiteson¹⁶², D. Whittington⁶⁰, F. Wicek¹¹⁴,

D. Wicke¹⁷³, F.J. Wickens¹²⁸, W. Wiedenmann¹⁷¹, M. Wielers¹²⁸, P. Wienemann²⁰, C. Wiglesworth⁷⁴, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs⁴⁸, P.A. Wijeratne⁷⁶, A. Wildauer¹⁶⁶, M.A. Wildt^{41,q}, I. Wilhelm¹²⁵, H.G. Wilkens²⁹, J.Z. Will⁹⁷, E. Williams³⁴, H.H. Williams¹¹⁹, W. Willis³⁴, S. Willocq⁸³, J.A. Wilson¹⁷, M.G. Wilson¹⁴², A. Wilson⁸⁶, I. Wingerter-Seez⁴, S. Winkelmann⁴⁸, F. Winklmeier²⁹, M. Wittgen¹⁴², M.W. Wolter³⁸, H. Wolters^{123a,h}, W.C. Wong⁴⁰, G. Wooden⁸⁶, B.K. Wosiek³⁸, J. Wotschack²⁹, M.J. Woudstra⁸³, K.W. Wozniak³⁸, K. Wraight⁵³, C. Wright⁵³, M. Wright⁵³, B. Wrona⁷², S.L. Wu¹⁷¹, X. Wu⁴⁹, Y. Wu^{32b,ah}, E. Wulf³⁴, R. Wunstorf⁴², B.M. Wynne⁴⁵, S. Xella³⁵, M. Xiao¹³⁵, S. Xie⁴⁸, Y. Xie^{32a}, C. Xu^{32b,w}, D. Xu¹³⁸, G. Xu^{32a}, B. Yabsley¹⁴⁹, S. Yacoub^{144b}, M. Yamada⁶⁵, H. Yamaguchi¹⁵⁴, A. Yamamoto⁶⁵, K. Yamamoto⁶³, S. Yamamoto¹⁵⁴, T. Yamamura¹⁵⁴, T. Yamanaka¹⁵⁴, J. Yamaoka⁴⁴, T. Yamazaki¹⁵⁴, Y. Yamazaki⁶⁶, Z. Yan²¹, H. Yang⁸⁶, U.K. Yang⁸¹, Y. Yang⁶⁰, Y. Yang^{32a}, Z. Yang^{145a,145b}, S. Yanush⁹⁰, Y. Yao¹⁴, Y. Yasu⁶⁵, G.V. Ybeles Smit¹²⁹, J. Ye³⁹, S. Ye²⁴, M. Yilmaz^{3c}, R. Yoosofmiya¹²², K. Yorita¹⁶⁹, R. Yoshida⁵, C. Young¹⁴², S. Youssef²¹, D. Yu²⁴, J. Yu⁷, J. Yu¹¹¹, L. Yuan^{32a,ai}, A. Yurkewicz¹⁰⁵, B. Zabinski³⁸, V.G. Zaets¹²⁷, R. Zaidan⁶², A.M. Zaitsev¹²⁷, Z. Zajacova²⁹, L. Zanello^{131a,131b}, A. Zaytsev¹⁰⁶, C. Zeitnitz¹⁷³, M. Zeller¹⁷⁴, M. Zeman¹²⁴, A. Zemla³⁸, C. Zendler²⁰, O. Zenin¹²⁷, T. Ženiš^{143a}, Z. Zinonos^{121a,121b}, S. Zenz¹⁴, D. Zerwas¹¹⁴, G. Zevi della Porta⁵⁷, Z. Zhan^{32d}, D. Zhang^{32b,ag}, H. Zhang⁸⁷, J. Zhang⁵, X. Zhang^{32d}, Z. Zhang¹¹⁴, L. Zhao¹⁰⁷, T. Zhao¹³⁷, Z. Zhao^{32b}, A. Zhemchugov⁶⁴, S. Zheng^{32a}, J. Zhong¹¹⁷, B. Zhou⁸⁶, N. Zhou¹⁶², Y. Zhou¹⁵⁰, C.G. Zhu^{32d}, H. Zhu⁴¹, J. Zhu⁸⁶, Y. Zhu^{32b}, X. Zhuang⁹⁷, V. Zhuravlov⁹⁸, D. Zieminska⁶⁰, R. Zimmermann²⁰, S. Zimmermann²⁰, S. Zimmermann⁴⁸, M. Ziolkowski¹⁴⁰, R. Zitoun⁴, L. Živković³⁴, V.V. Zmouchko^{127,*}, G. Zobernig¹⁷¹, A. Zoccoli^{19a,19b}, Y. Zolnierowski⁴, A. Zsenei²⁹, M. zur Nedden¹⁵, V. Zutshi¹⁰⁵, L. Zwalinski²⁹

¹ University at Albany, Albany, NY, United States

² Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada

³ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Department of Physics, Dumlupinar University, Kutahya; (c) Department of Physics, Gazi University, Ankara; (d) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara; (e) Turkish Atomic Energy Authority, Ankara, Turkey

⁴ LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 and Université de Savoie, Annecy-le-Vieux, France

⁵ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL, United States

⁶ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, United States

⁷ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington, TX, United States

⁸ Physics Department, University of Athens, Athens, Greece

⁹ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece

¹⁰ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan

¹¹ Institut de Física d'Altes Energies and Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona and ICREA, Barcelona, Spain

¹² (a) Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade; (b) Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

¹³ Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway

¹⁴ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley, CA, United States

¹⁵ Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany

¹⁶ Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland

¹⁷ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom

¹⁸ (a) Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; (b) Division of Physics, Dogus University, Istanbul; (c) Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep;

(d) Department of Physics, Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey

¹⁹ (a) INFN Sezione di Bologna; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

²⁰ Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany

²¹ Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA, United States

²² Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham, MA, United States

²³ (a) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; (b) Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; (c) Federal University of Sao Joao del Rei (UFSJ), Sao Joao del Rei; (d) Instituto de Física, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil

²⁴ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY, United States

²⁵ (a) National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest; (b) University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; (c) West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania

²⁶ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina

²⁷ Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

²⁸ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON, Canada

²⁹ CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

³⁰ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States

³¹ (a) Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; (b) Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile

³² (a) Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; (b) Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui; (c) Department of

Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu; (d) School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong, China

³³ Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, Clermont Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Aubiere Cedex, France

³⁴ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington, NY, United States

³⁵ Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark

³⁶ (a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Arcavacata di Rende, Italy

³⁷ AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow, Poland

³⁸ The Henryk Niewodniczanski Institute of Nuclear Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland

³⁹ Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX, United States

⁴⁰ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson, TX, United States

⁴¹ DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany

⁴² Institut für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany

⁴³ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technical University Dresden, Dresden, Germany

⁴⁴ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham, NC, United States

- ⁴⁵ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom
- ⁴⁶ Fachhochschule Wiener Neustadt, Johannes Gutenbergstrasse 3, 2700 Wiener Neustadt, Austria
- ⁴⁷ INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁴⁸ Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg i.Br., Germany
- ⁴⁹ Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- ⁵⁰ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Genova; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy
- ⁵¹ ^(a) E.Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; ^(b) High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- ⁵² II Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- ⁵³ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁴ II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany
- ⁵⁵ Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie, Université Joseph Fourier and CNRS/IN2P3 and Institut National Polytechnique de Grenoble, Grenoble, France
- ⁵⁶ Department of Physics, Hampton University, Hampton, VA, United States
- ⁵⁷ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, United States
- ⁵⁸ ^(a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; ^(b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; ^(c) ZITI Institut für technische Informatik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Mannheim, Germany
- ⁵⁹ Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan
- ⁶⁰ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington, IN, United States
- ⁶¹ Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- ⁶² University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, United States
- ⁶³ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, IA, United States
- ⁶⁴ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia
- ⁶⁵ KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- ⁶⁶ Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- ⁶⁷ Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁶⁸ Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁶⁹ Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- ⁷⁰ Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- ⁷¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Lecce; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- ⁷² Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- ⁷³ Department of Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- ⁷⁴ School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁵ Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁶ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁷ Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- ⁷⁸ Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- ⁷⁹ Departamento de Física Teórica C-15, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- ⁸⁰ Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- ⁸¹ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- ⁸² CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- ⁸³ Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, United States
- ⁸⁴ Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal, QC, Canada
- ⁸⁵ School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- ⁸⁶ Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States
- ⁸⁷ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, United States
- ⁸⁸ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Milano; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- ⁸⁹ B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Belarus
- ⁹⁰ National Scientific and Educational Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus
- ⁹¹ Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, United States
- ⁹² Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, QC, Canada
- ⁹³ P.N. Lebedev Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁴ Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁵ Moscow Engineering and Physics Institute (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁶ Skobel'syn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁷ Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- ⁹⁸ Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- ⁹⁹ Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- ¹⁰⁰ Graduate School of Science, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- ¹⁰¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; ^(b) Dipartimento di Scienze Fisiche, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- ¹⁰² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM, United States
- ¹⁰³ Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- ¹⁰⁴ Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- ¹⁰⁵ Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL, United States
- ¹⁰⁶ Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia
- ¹⁰⁷ Department of Physics, New York University, New York, NY, United States
- ¹⁰⁸ Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States
- ¹⁰⁹ Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- ¹¹⁰ Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, United States
- ¹¹¹ Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK, United States
- ¹¹² Palacký University, RPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- ¹¹³ Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, United States
- ¹¹⁴ LAL, Univ. Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France
- ¹¹⁵ Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- ¹¹⁶ Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- ¹¹⁷ Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- ¹¹⁸ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- ¹¹⁹ Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, United States
- ¹²⁰ Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina, Russia
- ¹²¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- ¹²² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States

- ¹²³ ^(a) Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas – LIP, Lisboa, Portugal; ^(b) Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos and CAFPE, Universidad de Granada, Granada, Spain
- ¹²⁴ Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic
- ¹²⁵ Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- ¹²⁶ Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- ¹²⁷ State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia
- ¹²⁸ Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- ¹²⁹ Physics Department, University of Regina, Regina, SK, Canada
- ¹³⁰ Ritsumeikan University, Kusatsu, Shiga, Japan
- ¹³¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma I; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università La Sapienza, Roma, Italy
- ¹³² ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
- ¹³³ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- ¹³⁴ ^(a) Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies – Université Hassan II, Casablanca; ^(b) Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques Nucleaires, Rabat; ^(c) Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech; ^(d) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; ^(e) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohammed V- Agdal, Rabat, Morocco
- ¹³⁵ DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique), Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- ¹³⁶ Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz, CA, United States
- ¹³⁷ Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, United States
- ¹³⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
- ¹³⁹ Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- ¹⁴⁰ Fachbereich Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- ¹⁴¹ Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, BC, Canada
- ¹⁴² SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford, CA, United States
- ¹⁴³ ^(a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics & Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; ^(b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
- ¹⁴⁴ ^(a) Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; ^(b) School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- ¹⁴⁵ ^(a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; ^(b) The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- ¹⁴⁶ Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
- ¹⁴⁷ Departments of Physics & Astronomy and Chemistry, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY, United States
- ¹⁴⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
- ¹⁴⁹ School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
- ¹⁵⁰ Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- ¹⁵¹ Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Inst. of Technology, Haifa, Israel
- ¹⁵² Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
- ¹⁵³ Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- ¹⁵⁴ International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- ¹⁵⁵ Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
- ¹⁵⁶ Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
- ¹⁵⁷ Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada
- ¹⁵⁸ ^(a) TRIUMF, Vancouver BC; ^(b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto, ON, Canada
- ¹⁵⁹ Institute of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8571, Japan
- ¹⁶⁰ Science and Technology Center, Tufts University, Medford, MA, United States
- ¹⁶¹ Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia
- ¹⁶² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, CA, United States
- ¹⁶³ ^(a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine; ^(b) ICTP, Trieste; ^(c) Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- ¹⁶⁴ Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, IL, United States
- ¹⁶⁵ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
- ¹⁶⁶ Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC) and Departamento de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear and Departamento de Ingeniería Electrónica and Instituto de Microelectrónica de Barcelona (IMB-CNM), University of Valencia and CSIC, Valencia, Spain
- ¹⁶⁷ Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- ¹⁶⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC, Canada
- ¹⁶⁹ Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
- ¹⁷⁰ Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
- ¹⁷¹ Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, United States
- ¹⁷² Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany
- ¹⁷³ Fachbereich C Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
- ¹⁷⁴ Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States
- ¹⁷⁵ Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia
- ¹⁷⁶ Domaine scientifique de la Doua, Centre de Calcul CNRS/IN2P3, Villeurbanne Cedex, France
- ¹⁷⁷ Faculty of Science, Hiroshima University, Hiroshima, Japan

^a Also at Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas – LIP, Lisboa, Portugal.

^b Also at Faculdade de Ciências and CFNUL, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal.

^c Also at Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom.

^d Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

^e Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno, CA, United States.

^f Also at Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia.

^g Also at Fermilab, Batavia, IL, United States.

^h Also at Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal.

ⁱ Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy.

^j Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada.

^k Also at Department of Physics, Middle East Technical University, Ankara, Turkey.

^l Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States.

^m Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom.

ⁿ Also at Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, QC, Canada.

^o Also at Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa.

^p Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan.

^q Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.

^r Also at Manhattan College, New York, NY, United States.

^s Also at School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong, China.

^t Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France.

^u Also at School of Physics and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guanzhou, China.

^v Also at Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.

^w Also at DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique), Gif-sur-Yvette, France.

^x Also at Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland.

^y Also at Departamento de Física, Universidade de Minho, Braga, Portugal.

^z Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, United States.

^{aa} Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.

^{ab} Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, United States.

^{ac} Also at Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland.

^{ad} Also at LAL, Univ. Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France.

^{ae} Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom.

^{af} Also at Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom.

^{ag} Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.

^{ah} Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States.

^{ai} Also at Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France.

* Deceased.